

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

Vol. XV, No. 3.

Antioch, Illinois Thursday, September 19, 1901.

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

Tinware

Closing out odds and ends of Tinware and Granite-ware—at almost any old price. Call and see if I have anything you need.

PRESCRIPTION FILES

I have on hand Dr. Emmons' Prescription Files and am prepared to refill any prescription the people of Antioch and vicinity may deem necessary.

Having purchased the stock of drugs etc., of Mr. Emmons I am in need of more room, hence the low prices on tin and granite-ware.

Wm. Hill

McKinley.

None were more brave,
None were more loyal and true;
None were more dear to the hearts
of the American people.
His name will adorn the World's
historic page,
Until time shall have merged
into Eternity.

Great Bargains in Summer Goods

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,
The Biggest and Finest Assortment in Antioch.

Lawns, Dimities India Linen, Corset Covers, Chemise, White Underskirts, Embroideries, and Night Gowns
At Very Low Prices.

LADIES' WRAPPERS—A new stock just received from New York. Call and see them.

WALL PAPER—We are closing out wall paper at cost. Come and get a bargain.

MEN'S OVERSHIRTS—The latest colors and make, at a cut price

CORSETS—We have fine line of the latest military form of corsets. They are the Royal Worster and Bon Ton; a perfect fitting corset.

MEN'S HATS—A full line and the latest styles.

COHN & LEVIN, Wilton blk, Antioch

COOPER, WELLS & CO.'S



STOCKINGS
WEBB BROS., Antioch.

MEMORIAL SERVICES

HELD AT THE ANTIOCH OPERA HOUSE,
SEPTEMBER 19, 1901.

E. B. WILLIAMS,

Chairman.

Union Memorial Services for the late President McKinley were held at the Antioch Opera House at 10:30 a. m. Thursday. Fully 500 persons being present. Seats were reserved for the different fraternal orders in town, each order being well represented, the Woodmen and Odd Fellows, meeting at their respective halls and attending in a body. The location of the different orders at the opera house was as follows: Grand Army, Odd Fellows, Masons and Woodmen.

The Chairman of the meeting, Choir and Speakers were seated on the stage which was tastefully draped in mourning. On the right and left of the stage were large portraits of Lincoln and Garfield, while the center of the stage was filled with a large portrait of McKinley draped in mourning and just above a large pillow of flowers with the words "at rest," with colored flowers in the center, the remainder of the pillow being composed of white flowers. The following program was carried out:

Music by the Choir

Invocation—Rev. R. H. Cole.

Music—"Lead Kindly Light".....Congregation

"The Political Life of President McKinley" Rev. Thomas

In behalf of the G. A. R.....Dr. E. H. Ames

Music by the Choir

"Religious Life of President McKinley," Rev. E. J. Aikin

In behalf of Mrs. McKinley...Dr. Florence G. Anderson

Music by the Choir

"The Fraternal Life of President McKinley,"

Hon. Vere V. Hunt, L. L. D.

"Domestic Life of President McKinley," Rev. R. H. Cole

Singing—"Nearer My God to Thee,".....Congregation

Benediction—Rev. Thomas.

Time and space will not permit us to particularize any of the speeches, suffice to say each of the speakers paid a heartfelt and tearful tribute to the memory of a truly great and good man which found a receptive thought in the hearts of all present.

Everything throughout the entire services passed off without a hitch anywhere and will long be remembered as an occasion upon which all our people united and vied with each other in paying a tribute of love and respect to him who in life was President of all the people, and near and dear to the hearts of every loyal American citizen.

Resolutions on the Death of President McKinley.

At a regular meeting of Lotus Camp, No. 557 M. W. A., the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

RESOLVED: That in the death of William McKinley, President of the United States, we mourn the loss of one who exemplified in his life the highest type of universal brotherly love—the corner stone and foundation of every fraternity, whose mission is to fraternalize and elevate mankind as exemplified in Christ's parable: "Who is thy Neighbor?" No place in history can we find where a man has been elevated to such an exalted position as the presidency of the greatest republic that the world has ever known, and retained that spirit of true manhood and true citizenship as has William McKinley. Great, yet humble, governed in all national affairs by feeling the heart throbs of the people, avoiding

war, always for peace, but brave and firm when the cries of the Cubans reached his ears—War for humanity sake, peace for God's sake.

Resolved: That this resolution be embodied in our minutes and a copy printed in THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

C. M. CONFER,
J. C. JAMES, JR.,
W. R. WILLIAMS,
J. J. BURKE
WALTER TAYLOR.

Many physicians are now prescribing Kodol Dyspepsia Cure regularly having found that it is the best prescription they can write because it is the one preparation which contains the elements necessary to digest not only some kinds of food but all kind and it therefore cures indigestion and dyspepsia no matter what its cause. Sold by W. T. Hill.

Bakery

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Rolls
Every Day.

Leave your order for anything you may wish specially made, which will receive prompt attention. Goods made in first-class style. Come and give me your trade and get the best.

Be up-to-date and eat up-to-date goods, and the only way to do it is to trade with

Fred. L. Thorn.

PIANOS, ORGANS AND SMALL INSTRUMENTS.

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Strong, strictly pure Tinting Colors
and Skilled Workmen to spread it;
Paint that will last!

If you are desirous of that kind of work we are

CANDIDATES

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MAX J. HUBER, Antioch.

The Academy of Northwestern University

Twenty Teachers, all college graduates. Give for any college. (Campus) Antioch, Ill. New York, N. Y. Well equipped laboratories. Manual training. Students from twenty-five States and six foreign countries. Fall term begins September 21. Send for illustrated circular.

MISS LELIA WILLIAMS.

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Vocal or Piano Instruction

Antioch, Ill.

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And We Promise You We Are Here to Stay!

But we cannot promise you \$2.00 worth of goods for \$1.00 in money. We will give you just as good goods as you can get anywhere for your dollar. Embalming done by the latest methods. Calls answered day or night. Lady assistant.

J. H. HUGHES & CO., Undertakers,
ANTIOCH and LAKE VILLA.

PRESIDENT WILLIAM M'KINLEY IS DEAD.

**Bullet of the Assassin
Finally Does Its Das-
tardly Work.**

**Death Comes After Just One
Week of Suffering and
Hope.**

**President's Condition Takes a
Critical Turn Early Friday
Morning.**

**First Apprehensions Caused by
Failure of the Heart to Re-
spond to Stimulation.**

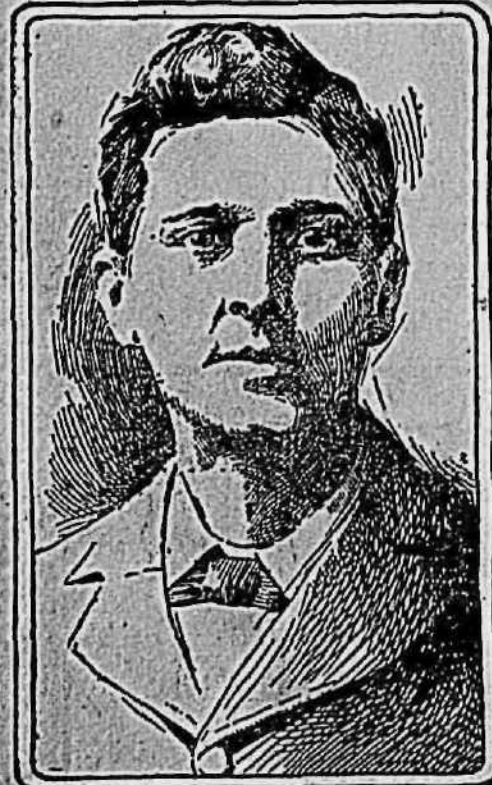
**Physicians Administer Oxygen
and Make Every Effort to
Rally Their Patient.**

**Change for the Worse Comes Without
Warning and Carries Consterna-
tion to Doctors and Friends.**

President McKinley died at 2:15 o'clock Saturday morning. His last breath passed calmly and almost imperceptibly. He had been unconscious for several hours before the end and his death was free from pain. The members of the family, with the exception of the bereaved wife, were at the deathbed. Mrs. McKinley was in an adjoining room. Dr. Rixey was the only physician present.

The immediate cause of the President's death was at the time undetermined, but it was said to be heart weakness, as a result of complications in the stomach and digestive organs. The President suffered a serious and unexpected relapse early Friday morning, from which there was only a slight rally. At noon he was perfectly conscious and seemed to fully realize his condition. "I refuse to surrender," said he, with great emotion. "I will not give up hope while life remains. I shall hope on and pray on to the end."

All night the President battled with death. At 10 o'clock he was alone in the combat. Science, skill, infinite tenderness were beaten and hopeless. Surgeons and physicians measured his brief span by moments. They had no hope and offered none. Mystified, bat-

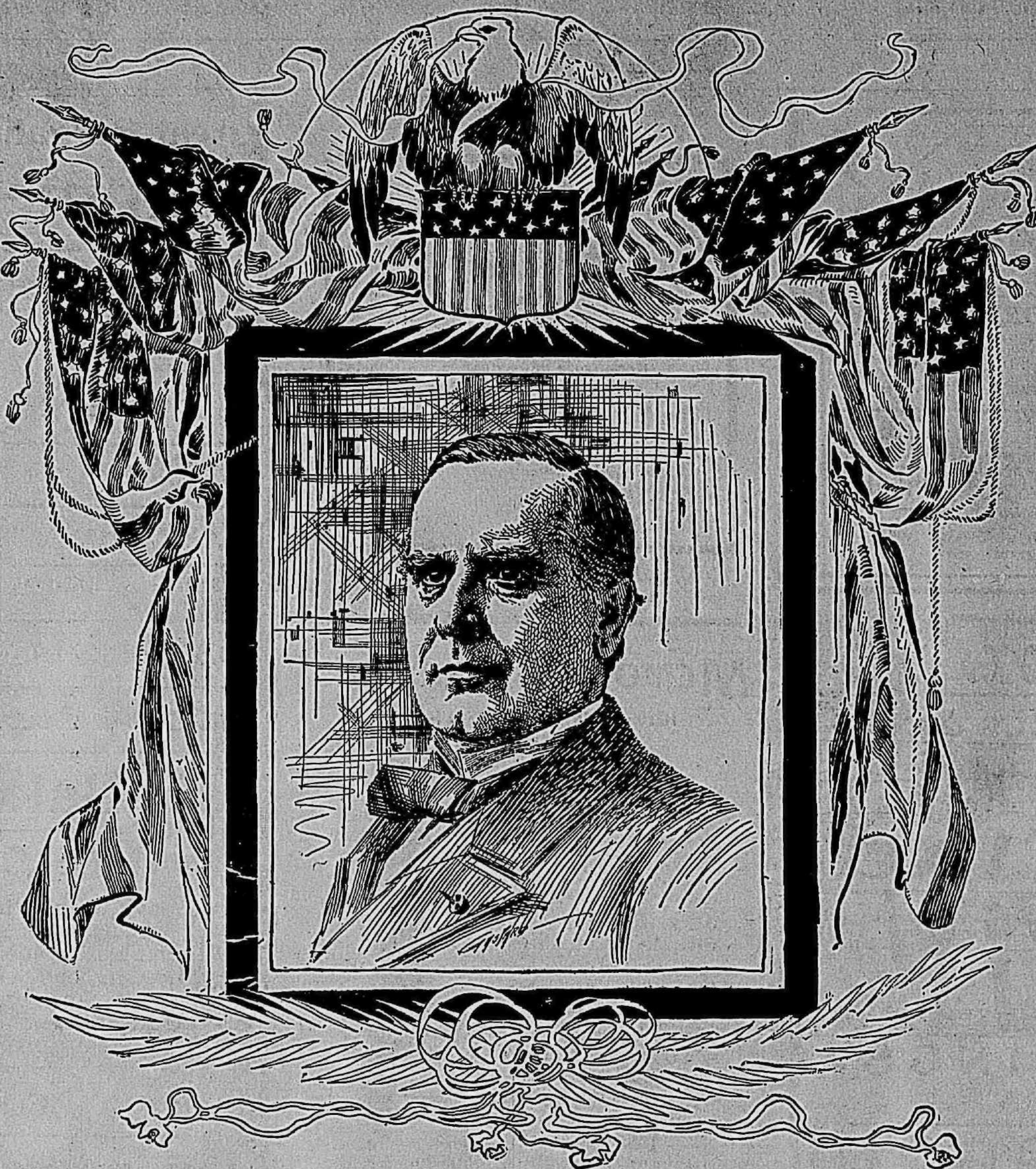


CHOLGOSZ, THE COWARDLY ASSASSIN

ted and defeated, they stood aside and left the President alone to face the inevitable.

Meanwhile the nation—the world—stood watching for the final word. Buffalo, where the President was assassinated, stood agape with horror and rage. Doctors of known and heralded cunning were summoned from all available quarters. They came by special trains and were rushed into the presence of death and its unyielding victim.

The wires were hot with summonses for the Vice President, for the cabinet, for the friends nearest the dying man, and they came. From all quarters men who have known the dying man as a man first and then as a leader of his people came rushing, pale, sad-eyed and hopeless.



"GOD'S WILL, NOT OURS, BE DONE."—President McKinley.

It was 5 o'clock in the afternoon when the first wild rumor that the President was dead spread through Buffalo. Heart failure, the first ominous sinking of a mighty physique, had given the doctors warning, and their fears spoke from the white faces as they came and went in the Milburn house.

There was no hope then, and in five minutes the waiting world knew it. But the victim of the assassin's bullet did not know it. Conscious of impending danger and fearless of it, he asked for his wife. She came to him, and, holding his hand in speechless grief, gave to him the new courage which drugs and physio could not give. The clocks spun round and round, and the doctors, waiting in gloomy groups, wondered that he lived so long.

His symptoms grew worse. He rallied and failed by turns. Oxygen and digitalis had but slight effect upon his pulse and respiration. He did not live, but would not die, and his people and the world wondered.

As unconfirmed stories of the President's death flew from mouth to mouth in Buffalo, an enraged and sorrowing multitude gathered and swept toward the prison where his assassin lay. Barriers were hastily thrown across the streets, mounted policemen, State troops and marines were hurried to the scene, and for hours after night fell the jail was like a threatened fortress.

In the streets, cafes and public places men met and talked with bated breaths. All day they talked of the President's struggle, of his patience, his cheerfulness. But when they knew that these were all in vain they raged silently and forgot everything but revenge.

The President was practically without nourishment all day. His serious relapse of Thursday night, said to have been caused by food administered during the day, had warned his doctors against solid food. In despairing anxiety they resorted to stimulants, and all morning Friday they fought off the impending collapse.

It was shortly after daylight that he opened his eyes, and, looking out of the window opposite his bed, said:

"It is not as bright as yesterday."

His heart rallied a little in the morning hours, and from then on until noon he held his own, and the anxious doctors told the world in guarded words that there was yet hope.



for a realization that the worst was at hand.

A furious rainstorm was sweeping Buffalo when the first ominous announcement came from the Milburn House:

"President McKinley is dying. He can live but a few moments."

Then signal service operators took possession of the telephone wires, leading to the house of death. Cabinet officers and members of the President's family began to arrive, and the beginning of the end had come.

At 11 o'clock Friday night the wife had paid her last tribute to her dying sweet heart of thirty years. Dr. Rixey led her into the room, and as she laid her head alongside of his she sobbed: "I cannot let him go."

She knew that the President was dying then, and in the dim silence of her adjoining room she waited and wept as the hours sped and the doctors wondered at the mighty battle of the dying man.

But the President, now finally unconscious and breathing but faintly, struggled on. Midnight, 1 and 2 o'clock found him wavering on the verge, and the men of science could but stand and marvel at the wondrous but hopeless fight which he had maintained so long. Intervals of apparent consciousness came upon him. Sometimes he opened his faded eyes and gazed calmly around.

At 2 o'clock the dim, gray light began to fall across his shrunken face, and then—death won.

For several hours Thursday evening the doctors attending President McKinley were seriously disturbed and waiting friends were alarmed by an unexpected change in his condition, but at midnight the President had seemingly regained his lost ground. He was given solid food for the first time during the morning and it had not agreed with him. The bowels were giving some trouble, also the heart.

The food given to the President was not properly assimilated and the administration of food by the mouth was discontinued. The President continued to complain of fatigue. His pulse increased to

128, entirely too high for his temperature. One of the consulting physicians said that judged by medical records his pulse should be 90. The acceleration of the pulse was attributed partly to the revulsion of the stomach against the food.

The first alarm came from the Milburn house at 2 o'clock, two hours after the encouraging official bulletin after the midnight consultation of the doctors. The signal of fear was the sending of messages to all the doctors to return to the house at once. The President had suffered a sinking spell. At 3 o'clock it was authoritatively admitted that the President was in an extremely critical condition.

Scene Is Dramatic.

The scene about the house and in the street, which had been storm swept, was dramatic in its action and setting, and the spirit of the tragedy was on those who looked upon it. A messenger who darted into the rain and was whisked away in an electric cab gave the outside watchers the first intimation of the ill news from within. At the same moment new lights burned within the windows of the Milburn residence. Soon the word was passed out that the President had partially collapsed and was critically ill. It was a confirmation that was hardly needed, for the fact had been established by action that needed no words.

As the telephone instruments rattled away with their forlorn story early in the morning the hastily aroused physicians began arriving. An automobile racing

came Abner McKinley, pale and agitated. He had left the house scarcely two hours before and had departed with the assurance that the tide had turned in the case of his distinguished brother.

Secretary Wilson and Secretary Hitchcock, in grief at the peril of their chief, arrived within a few moments. Neither knew the true state of the President at that moment and in silent fear they quickly entered the house. Another hurrying visitor was Dr. Wyand, whose arrival completed the circle of physicians, and another was Mrs. McWilliams, the friend of Mrs. McKinley.

The physicians, after their consultation on the examination of the patient, could offer little encouragement. He was very weak and his heart was so feeble that they feared lest his life might go out at any time. The bulletin they issued at 2:50 told of the very critical condition of the President.

Three Presidents Shot on Friday.

By a singular coincidence every President of the United States assassinated was shot on Friday.

President Lincoln, shot on Friday, April 14, 1865.

President Garfield, shot on Friday, July 2, 1881.

President McKinley, shot on Friday, September 6, 1901.

The Baltimore Union League Club expelled United States Senator Wellington and adopted resolutions declaring him unfit to associate with loyal men because



MILBURN HOUSE, WHERE THE PRESIDENT DIED.

at top speed brought Dr. Mynter first. He did not stop to speak, but rushed into the house. Dr. Mann came almost on his heels, and he, too, ran down the street. Neither stopped for a word as they rushed into the house. After them

he countenanced the attack on the President.

Funds have been started in various cities for James B. Parker, who knocked down Cholgosz.

NATIONAL BIOGRAPHY.

Personality of Theodore Roosevelt, Who Is Now President.
Born New York City Oct. 27, 1858.
Entered Harvard College 1880.
Elected to New York Legislature 1882.
Re-elected to Legislature 1883.
Defeated for Mayor of New York 1886.
Cattle and ranchman 1884 to 1890.
Member National Civil Service Commission 1889.
New York police commissioner 1894.
Assistant Secretary of Navy 1897-98.
Colonel Spanish-American war 1898.
Governor New York 1899-1900.
Vice President United States March 4, 1901.

President United States Sept. 15, 1901.
Theodore Roosevelt, now President of the United States, is the fifth Vice President of the nation to succeed the President with whom he was chosen to office. John Tyler was the first, succeeding William Henry Harrison. Next came Millard Fillmore, who succeeded Zachary Taylor. Andrew Johnson succeeded Abraham Lincoln and Chester A. Arthur took the place of James A. Garfield. Three of the five Vice Presidents owe their advancement to the assassin's bullet.

Mr. Roosevelt is better known to the nation than was Tyler, Fillmore, Johnson or Arthur when the latter became President. Roosevelt has come with credit from the various public tests he has passed through—as legislator, au-

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.



thor, civil service commissioner, police commissioner, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, soldier and Vice President. He brings the young man conspicuously into the White House, for he will not be 41 years old until Oct. 27.

The President's family consists of his wife and six children. They have made their home for years at Oyster Bay, Long Island, a retreat much enjoyed by the President himself, as well as his family. The home life is a simple one. Friction, social custom, conventions have had little to do with it. It has been old-fashioned and delightful. Mrs. Roosevelt is essentially part of the President's life. Husband and wife are heartily in accord with one another, and their purposes are one. The eldest child is a daughter, Miss Alice, aged 17, and the next eldest, Theodore, is a boy of 14.

QUESTION OF SOLID FOOD.

Replying to Criticism, Physicians Say No Mistake Was Made.

Severe adverse criticism has been advanced regarding the administration of solid food to President McKinley by the doctors before the relapse came. The President's relapse is admittedly the result of the failure of his digestive organs to assimilate the solid food which he ate Thursday. Important bodily functions became impaired.

When the bulletin was issued which said that the stomach had refused to assimilate the solid food the hearts of the country paused. They were preparing for the worst news, which came. The food had generated a gas and the pressure had influenced the action of the heart. This was the startling message which was given to the world.

Dr. Roswell Park said: "The President was not given solid food before he could



MRS. M'KINLEY.

Woman with Whom the Whole Nation Mourns.

stand it. He was perfectly able to assimilate the food given him, had it not been that the impoverished blood affected the heart. The heart refused to act properly without strong blood food, and that was why the toast, soaked in hot beef juice, was given him. Everything known to medical science was done for him, and there was no mistake made."

Dr. Herman Mynter said: "At the time the solid food was given him he was able to take it. There can be no mistake about that. I do not believe that the food in his stomach had much effect on the heart. It was believed from the first that his heart was weak and that was why ether was given him instead of chloroform when Dr. Mann performed the operation."

GRIEF AT THE CAPITAL.

Every Household in Washington in Mourning.

Every household in Washington is in mourning. From the pinnacle of hope buoyed by the cheering tidings brought from Buffalo by returning envoys the people, within twenty-four hours, were cast into the depths of grief. The sorrow is complete. Large crowds assembled about the bulletin boards early Friday evening, eagerly awaiting the latest news, hoping against hope that something would happen to spare the President.

Grand Army veterans in annual encampment at Cleveland were unanimous in the demand that annals be driven from the United States.

Early Yet.
"The first game of golf was played in Scotland over 500 years ago."
"Wonder if they found any of the balls set that were used in the first game?"
Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Powder. A powder to shake into your shoes. It cures itching, sweating, corns and bunions. Allen's Foot-Powder makes new or tight shoes easy. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address: Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Pacemaker.
Woody Booth—Who was the "leading man" in the company you were with last season?
Knight Stands—The advance agent.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

The fragrant honey-suckle has a very pretty meaning—generous, devoted affection.

For something good, try Mrs. Austin's famous Pan Cake Flour; ready in a jiffy. Your grocer has it on hand.

The flesh is weak, even when it is proud.
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children's Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Teething Colic, Worms, and all the ailments of infancy.



"The Cradle Rules the World"
And all wise mothers make

St. Jacobs Oil

a household remedy for the simple reason that it always

Conquers Pain

Sozodont

Tooth Powder 25c

Good for Bad Teeth
Not Bad for Good Teeth

Sozodont Liquid 25c. Large Liquid and Powder 75c. All stores or by mail for the price. Sample for postage 2c. HALL & RUCKEL, New York.

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But do yourself and us the justice to follow instructions.

F. W. Devco & Company.

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ARE BACK OF EVERY WATERPROOF OILED SLICKER OR COAT

BEARING THIS TRADE MARK.

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FISH BRAND

ON SALE EVERYWHERE. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. CATALOGUES FREE. SHOWING FULL LIST OF GARMENTS AND HATS.

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THE HILL COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa.

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It never induces either mother or child; it does good and nothing but good to both. Send for free circular giving clinical reports of physicians who have used it. THE NUTROLACTIS CO., 18 East 17th St., New York.

ASTHMA-HAY FEVER

SEND FOR FREE TRIAL BOTTLE

Address: Dr. Taff, 79 E. 130th St., N.Y. City.

R. N. U. No. 18 1901

SOZODONT Tooth Powder 25c

A GLOWING REPORT.

AN INDIANA MAN COMPARES WESTERN CANADA WITH THE UNITED STATES.

What Mr. Frank Fisher, a prominent Dunkard, has to say after a trip through Canada.

The Department of the Interior at Ottawa has just received from Mr. E. T. Holmes, the agent of the government stationed at Indianapolis, Ind., the following letter, which requires no comment. It is only necessary to state that Mr. F. Fisher, the writer of the letter, is one of the most prominent of the Dunkards and a man upon whose word the utmost reliance can be placed. His home is at Mexico, Ind., and he will be pleased to substantiate verbally or in any other way all that he says in his letter.

Anyone desiring information apply to nearest Canadian agent, whose addresses are given:

M. V. McInnes, 2 Avenue Theater block, Detroit, Mich.

James Greive, Suite Ste. Marie, Mich. 2, 1st. Crawford, 214 W. Ninth street, Kansas City, Mo.

Benjamin Davies, 1514 1/2 East Third street, St. Paul, Minn.

P. O. Carrie, room 12, B. Callahan block, 203 Grand avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.

C. J. Broughton, 927 Monmouth building, Chicago, Ill.

V. V. Bennett, 801 New York Life building, Omaha, Neb.

W. H. Rogers, Watertown, S. D.

N. Bartholomew, 336 Fifth street, Des Moines, Iowa.

J. H. M. Packer, 530 Chamber of Commerce, Duluth, Minn.

E. T. Holmes, room 11, Big Four building, Indianapolis, Ind.

Joseph Young, 51 1/2 State street, Columbus, Ohio.

To My Many Friends: I am pleased to make a report to you of the pleasant visit my wife and I had in Western Canada.

We visited the territories of Alberta, Assiniboia, and Saskatchewan, and found them far surpassing our imagination, but little did I expect to find such rich, loamy soil, so much of it, and so uniform in its level prairie lay. I do think the soil of Canada as a rule equals if not exceeds the finest prairie farm lands of Indiana. These lands are immense in their richness, and when once the sod is rotted and pulverized, it is as pliable and as easily cultivated as Indiana sandy soil.

Western Canada, from my point of view, offers as fine opportunities for mixed farming as any place in my knowledge. The long, sunny days, together with the rich soil, produce very fine wheat, oats, barley, flax and other cereal products. There is scarcely any attempt to raise corn, except early varieties for table use. The season is too short to depend upon maturing field corn. From the standpoint of getting this land ready for the plow, I must say that I never saw such a vast extent, practically all ready, so that all one has to do is to hitch up the plow and go to work. This is not the case with all the Canadian land, however; much of it has quite a bit of timber, and some of it may be called brush land, and some of it has lovely forest groves, dotted here and there, thereby covering a hundred and sixty acres.

I have no doubt but that this country can be as good a grazing or ranching country, because they have such rich grass, having an abundance of rain to keep it fresh. They also have plenty of water streams, and as a rule water may be reached at a depth of from twenty to forty feet. From this you see there can be plenty of hay mown for winter feeding, and I have had reliable farmers to tell me that their stock will feed on hay alone, and be ready for market in the spring. Upon inquiring about the expense of raising a steer, a farmer replied that he did not consider it would cost any more than \$4 or \$5 to develop a 3-year-old steer.

I truly think Canada offers a fine opening for a young man or a man who is renting land in Indiana. One hundred and sixty acres of good black land will cost you only \$10 at the time you enter it, and by plowing and cultivating five acres each year for three years, gives you one hundred and sixty acres of good land for \$10. This land can be bought from the railroad companies, private corporations or the government for \$3 to \$4 per acre.

From a financial standpoint, I believe that for a series of years (five), a young man can make \$10 in Canada, whereas he would only make \$1 here, and I feel sure that I spent more money to get my eighty-acre farm in White County, Indiana, cultivated than it would cost me to cultivate eight hundred acres in Canada. This may seem a strong view to take of the matter, but when you take into consideration the clearing, ditching, fencing and the expensive breaking in of the stumps, and then consider the expense to that of land needing only the breaking, you will conclude that it is not such a wild or exaggerated statement as you might at first think.

I enjoyed the balmy, breezy atmosphere, which was bracing and refreshing, and the cool nights which made it so pleasant for sleep.

On making inquiries regarding the winters in this country I learned that the people never suffer from the cold, as the weather is dry and invigorating, and in a great many places farmers and herdsmen allow their stock to run outside the year round.

One great advantage to the settlers in Western Canada is the free creameries established by the government, and run exclusively in the interest of the farmer.

I visited Thomas Daley, a farmer near Edmonton, Alberta, who showed me oats he had raised, some of which took the first prize at the Paris Exposition last year. The same yielded 110 bushels to the acre in 1900. Yours truly, FRANK FISHER, Mexico, Ind.

Books on the French Revolution. Two thousand of the 30,000 books on the French revolution which have been presented to the Bibliotheque Nationale by the British Museum, will be kept there. The remaining 28,000 will be sent to the Bibliotheque Sevigne.

SCHLEY TRIAL IS ON.

BOARD OF INQUIRY CONVENES IN WASHINGTON.

Work started on Notable Case—Accused Officer Challenges Howison as Member of the Court-Martial—Many Witnesses—Great Cost of Trial.

After more than three years of accusation and counter accusation, and the widest range of discussion in and out of the navy, the trial of Rear Admiral W. S. Schley in the West Indian naval campaign, that officer Thursday entered upon the ordeal of judicial investigation which will result in his vindication or condemnation.

The Schley court of inquiry opened its sessions in Washington at 1 o'clock. The members of the board, Admirals Dewey, Benham and Howison, were on hand early, reaching the navy yard at 12:30 o'clock. All were in civilian clothes and no salute was given them as they entered the gate. When the court was called to order every one of the 400 seats reserved for the public was taken. Admiral Schley and counsel arrived at 12:45.

After the court convened the members retired at the instance of Judge Advocate Lemly to decide whether the court should sit with open or closed doors. Admiral Dewey announcing that this order would be followed instead of clearing the court room. At 1:30 p. m. Admiral Schley arose and said that with extreme regret he was obliged to challenge Admiral Howison as a member of the court.

Where the Court Meets.

The court met in the new brick building at the navy yard known as the gunners workshop. The upper hall has been fitted up for a court room, giving floor space of about 60 by 200 feet, this having been partitioned off, so that an ample court room of about 60 by 80 feet has been secured, with other commodious rooms at each end of the building. The court itself has a space within a railing sufficiently large to accommodate members of the court, Admiral Schley and counsel, a stenographer and two or three others whose presence will be necessary. Immediately back of the court room are two large private rooms, one for the court, provided with a drop-proof safe and necessary furniture for holding sessions in secret, and the other for Admiral Schley and his counsel.

Over 100 witnesses have been summoned already. These will be brought to Washington as they are needed, but Judge Advocate Lemly does not think that the names already landed in complete the list. The Schley witnesses already designated come mainly from the officers of the Brooklyn and the anti-Schley forces are convinced that the accused rear admiral will spring at least one sensation in court when he asks the names of persons not yet mentioned as witnesses.

Cost of Inquiry \$50,000.

The demand of Schley that his record be cleared will cost the government at least \$50,000. While part of this sum will have been expended in the fitting up of the court of inquiry the major portion will go to the printers and the witnesses. A stenographic report of every word uttered by the court of inquiry will be kept. A large staff of stenographers has been secured and as soon as the testimony has been transcribed it will be rushed over to the government printing office and put into type by the same men who set up the Congressional Record when Congress is in session. The experts in the printing office estimate that it will cost about \$700 a night to get the testimony out on time. It is expected that the court will be in session a least a month, it will be seen what an important item in the expense account will be the printing bill.

The witnesses summoned come from all parts of the world. Lieutenant Commander Sinton Schreder, for instance, was governor of Guam when summoned to appear before the court of inquiry. He as well as all other witnesses will be allowed a mileage of 5 cents a mile, besides the \$150 per day witness fee. It is estimated that witnesses' expense account will amount to nearly \$1,000 a day.

A MURDERED MILLIONAIRE.

Sam Strong.

Nellie Lewis.

Sam Strong, the Orphee Creek millionaire, was recently killed by Grant Crumley, a gambler. He made a million out of the Strong mine, and accusations that he had the shaft blown up during the big strike seven years ago caused much litigation in Colorado. Strong's marriage brought on the Nellie Lewis suit for breach of promise in which the plaintiff was awarded \$50,000.

Notes of Current Events.

Oil at Yelaco, Texas.

Leroy & Co., clothiers, Buffalo, N. Y., assigned.

Lightning killed D. L. Marks, 23, Attoona, Pa.

Workmen at Santiago de Cuba found the wreck of a seventeenth century ship.

C. Sullivan, a newspaper man, Atchison, Kan., will teach in Catholic schools in Manila.

Independent Steel Company, capital \$1,500,000, has been organized at New Castle, Pa.

Calkers in the English shipyards make about \$7.00 a week.

Puzzling Letters.

The confusion sometimes wrought in well-regulated minds by the simple game of "Anagrams" is an amusing thing to witness.

A brilliant literary man joined a group of young people who were playing the game, and was promptly provided with the letters d, r, o, s, e, l.

The word was not suitable for an anagram, he was told, but was considered a good catch.

"You don't rite my powers very high, I see, as you give me only six letters," said the literary man, good-naturedly, and then he set to work arranging and rearranging the little squares.

Ten minutes later he glanced up at the young man who was watching him.

"I believe I am beaten," he said, with a rueful smile. "It seems to me I've arranged the letters in every possible combination, with no result but failure."

"What have you there now?" asked the young man.

"S-o-l-d-e-r" was the reply. "It's the nearest I've come to a word. I keep trying to make soldier out of it, but I find it can't be done."

"Have you never seen a tin pall or a teakettle, or anything of that sort?" asked the young man, with a face of aspicous gravity. And then, after one bewildering glance at the table, "soldier" was swept into a heap, and the literary light started the laugh at his own expense.

Paying for a Plesantry.

It was a prisoner of great activity of speech who recently faced the magistrate in the Philadelphia Central Police Court.

"What is your name?" asked the magistrate.

"Michael O'Halloran," was the reply.

"What is your occupation?"

"Phwat's that?"

"What is your occupation? What work do you do?"

"O'm a sailor."

The magistrate looked incredulous.

"I don't believe you ever saw a ship," he said.

"Didn't OI, thin?" said the prisoner.

"An' phwat do yez think OI come over in a back?"

The Philadelphia Record says that it went hard with Michael O'Halloran after that.

A Narrow Escape.

Bath, N. Y., Sept. 10.—There is now at the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home here an old soldier who has been nearer death than anyone who has lived to tell the story.

His name is A. E. Ayers. For many years he lived in Minneapolis, Minn., where he is well known.

Four physicians of that city once told Mr. Ayers that he could not live four days. He had Bright's disease.

As a last resort he tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. He is strong and well today.

He says "I was in the very presence of death, but Dodd's Kidney Pills saved me. They are the greatest medicine in the world."

Entirely Different.

"Dueling" said a young American woman to a German student, "is a perfectly barbarous custom, with nothing in the world to excuse it!"

"But, dear fraulein," stammered the student, who was both amazed and depressed at the failure of his scars and saber cuts to extract admiration, "dueling is the same with war, except only for the number of peoples."

"Not at all," said the American indignantly. "War is always for a cause, and generally cannot be avoided, and besides"—she added, abandoning herself to the brilliancy of a sudden inspiration, "in war you can lie in wait, or get behind something! It's altogether different."

Business Opportunities for All.

There never was a better time than just now to see the good farming lands in Northwestern Iowa, Southwestern and Southern Minnesota and Eastern South Dakota. Harvesting is now over and the good yields show how productive the soil is. Full information relative to these lands will be cheerfully given upon application to Messrs. Hiten & Brooks, Immigration and Industrial Agents, B. O. R. & N. Ry., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Lucky Shortage.

"Yes, my wife reads every blessed recipe she finds in the papers."

"Heavens, and does she try them all?"

"No, she doesn't. In fact, she never tried a solitary one of 'em."

"How does that happen?"

"Why, she's always out of something."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Yellowish.

The Visitor—Of course you know nothing of yellow journalism here?

The Villager—Wall, the adter of the Banner he now'n agin puts in items upside down so's tew make folks read 'em. I reckon that's savor buff like, ain't it?

Detroit Free Press.

Aggravating Man.

Mrs. Fliley—"My husband's the meanest thing. He had the rheumatism when he woke up this morning."

Mrs. Fliley—Well, that's a sure sign of rain, and I've got a lawn party on for this afternoon.—Philadelphia Press.

Putnam Fadeless Dyes does not stain the hands or spot the kettle.

The celebrated clock erected at Dover Castle in 1300 is still in action at South Kensington Museum.

These crispy morning Mrs. Austin's Pan Cake Flour tastes delicious. Ready in a moment. Buy from your grocer.

The inhabitants of the province of Ontario write more letters than those of all the rest of Canada.

Permanently Cured. No more nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Elmer's Great Nerve Restorer. For \$1.00 trial bottle and treatment. Dr. R. L. Kline, Ltd., 611 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Calkers in the English shipyards make about \$7.00 a week.

CATARRH OF KIDNEYS

Quickly Develops Into Bright's Disease.

(PE-RU-NA CURES CATARRH WHEREVER LOCATED.)

State in the Union. It was indeed a lucky day for this young man when his attention was called to Peruna. What would have been the result had he continued putting on and feeling away precious time with other remedies, no man can tell. But it is almost certain that it would have ended in incurable Bright's disease of the kidneys, which sooner or later would have proved fatal.

Peruna is a sure cure for incipient Bright's disease of the kidneys. Taken in the early stages of this disease, it cures permanently. Bright's disease always begins with catarrh of the kidneys. Peruna cures catarrh wherever located.

Congressman Bankhead's Statement.

Congressman J. H. Bankhead, of Alabama, one of the most influential members of the House of Representatives, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., gives his endorsement to the great catarrh remedy, Peruna, in the following words:

"Your Peruna is one of the best medicines I ever tried, and no family should be without your remarkable remedy. As a tonic and a catarrh cure I know of nothing better."—J. H. Bankhead.

Samuel R. Sprecher, Junior, Circuit Court Angelina, No. 3422 1/2, O. O. F., 205 High St., Los Angeles, Cal., writes:

"I came here a few days ago suffering with catarrh of the kidneys and a general health. I thought that I was mistaken, but what I found that I was not, but that the catarrh could not be cured by Peruna could and did do. Seven weeks' trial convinced me that I had the right medicine and I was a well man. I know of at least twenty friends and members of the lodge to which I belong who have been cured of catarrh, bladder and kidney trouble through the use of Peruna and it has a host of friends in this city."—Samuel R. Sprecher.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

After suffering for two years with kidney trouble I received relief and a cure from using your wonderful medicine, Peruna.

For months I was unable to work on account of a severe pain in my back, and when I was able to do anything I was in pain and distressed most of the time.

Hearing so much of the good results people had obtained through the use of Peruna I determined to give it a trial and it was a lucky day for me when I did so. I am well now and I only took a few bottles of Peruna.

John Herziger, 307 Commercial Street, Neenah, Wis.

Two years suffering with catarrh of the kidneys, unable to work on account of the severe pain; could not get relief from medicine; gave Peruna a trial and was promptly cured—such was the experience of John Herziger, of Wisconsin.

This experience has been repeated many times. Not only in Wisconsin but in every

State in the Union. It was indeed a lucky day for this young man when his attention was called to Peruna. What would have been the result had he continued putting on and feeling away precious time with other remedies, no man can tell. But it is almost certain that it would have ended in incurable Bright's disease of the kidneys, which sooner or later would have proved fatal.

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Address

THE NEWS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.
PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY—
J. J. BURKE, Editor & Publisher
By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.
THE NEWS Guarantees a Larger Circulation in Western Lake County, than Any Paper Published in the State.
ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

The declaration is made by William C. Whitney, ex-Secretary of the Navy, that he is out of politics for good. He intimates that, although there is a fascination in office holding, none could tempt him from his peaceful pursuits on the turf and elsewhere. But there are many who suspect that Mr. Whitney will not find the services of an ear-trumpet necessary when he hears the claxon call for the next big campaign. And the tearful prayers of his brethren, who will be in dire need of candidates with barrels, is likely to go unheeded.

Six thousand people recently witnessed the burning of a negro in Tennessee. Opinions will differ on the question whether the members of the crowd were zealous moralists or simply callous sensation hunters. Six thousand moralists is a considerable number for any community to produce, but almost any small place can raise a crowd of that size to see a tragedy.

In some parts of the South they hang a negro on suspicion if he is found near the place where there has been a murder, and still they consider it suspicious if, in those circumstances, there is a large colored emigration when the murder is discovered. What do they expect the neighbors to do, stay and get shot?

Mr. Croker wishes to put Mayor Van Wick on the bench. He is perfectly welcome to try, after he has pulled his protegee out of the hole into which the public desires to put him; but that is one of the contingencies which are too far in the future to be considered at present.

The indications are that if the present wide-open state of information about police corruption continues, Mr. Croker will find things so warm for him when he returns that he will not need any overcoat this winter, nor be interested in the price of coal.

When the Democratic party finds out what is the difference between trusts and organized capital, and elucidates this to its followers, it will have one plank to stand on; which is not of the nature of a see-saw, or tight-rope.

The question still remains whether Admiral Schley would be such fortune to the space writers if he did not happen to have been born in the south. There are times when glory is geographical.

The trouble with the Democratic platform seems to be that there is a hole between the Kansas half and the Ohio half into which almost anything is likely to slip and not be missed.

The particular worry of the Democratic party just at present apparently is that there are too many of it and no one can decide which is the real and which is the imitation.

Reformers declare that Tammany Hall needs a moral housecleaning. The scientific observer, however, is doubtful whether Tammany could stand anything so radical.

Some people are raising a great deal of fog over Mr. Carnegie, but he goes serenely on giving away his money, just the same.

Stood Death Or.

E. B. Munday, a lawyer of Henrietta, Tex., once fooled a grave digger. He says: "My brother was very low with malaria fever and jaundice. I persuaded him to try Electric Bitters, and he was soon much better, but continued their use until he was wholly cured. I am sure Electric Bitters saved his life." This remedy expels malaria, kills disease germs and purifies the blood; aids digestion, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, cures constipation, dyspepsia, nervous diseases, kidney troubles, female complaints; gives perfect health. Only 50c at Wm. T. Hill's drug store.

Hypothetical Situation.
A Kansas school board received the following letter the other day from one of the teachers: "I try to hear you, the refusal of this treated me different, though I can't hear you in a school. I will not teach nor positively that I will. If I am married, as I think I will be, of course, I will not wait the school. But you know the old story about many a slip, and I would hate to be out of a job as well as the other."

A Night of Terror.

"A fearful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham Machias, Me., when the doctors said she would die from pneumonia before morning, writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, which had more than once saved her life, and cured her of Consumption. After taking, she slept all night. Further use entirely cured her." This marvelous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at W. T. Hill's drug store.

Lake Villa Pharmacy

J. O. MAC LEAN
Prescription Druggist

Wall Paper,
Drugs,
Drug Sundries
Candies,
Cigars,
Ice Cream
Soda,
Choice
Perfumes.

GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Many of our people are attending the Elkhorn fair this week.

Mrs. F. Proctor is entertaining a cousin, Mrs. Proctor, of Chicago.

Mrs. Wm. Hook is entertaining her Brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Pepper.

Chas. Longbaugh returned to Wheaton on Monday where he will continue his studies.

There arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Flary on last Wednesday a baby girl.

G. E. Strang is treating his store to a coat of paint; Morrill and Son are doing the work.

Mrs. F. C. Wilbur and Mrs. E. B. Neville were among the Chicago visitors on Tuesday.

Howard Higley has assumed his duties as Station Agent at Long Lake after a short vacation.

Memorial services were held in the church Thursday in honor of our departed President Wm. McKinley.

The church Aid Society will meet at the home of Mrs. F. C. Wilbur on Wednesday p.m., Sept. 25. Visitors welcome.

Louis Sherman who has been learning telegraphy of W. B. Higley the last six months, went to Koltz on Tuesday where he has accepted a good position.

Mayor E. B. Sherman and wife will leave on Monday for a visit to the Pan-American at Buffalo and will visit New York City before returning home.

On account of rain on Saturday the Prohibition picnic could not be held in the grove. The programme was given at the church in the p. m. and was well attended.

Mrs. Buckninn has begun her music class with several pupils and is highly spoken of as an instructor. Any one wishing to take lessons would do well to call on her.

The social given by the Church Aid Society at the home of Mrs. Robinson on Thursday evening, was a success in spite of the bad weather. Proceeds amounting to over \$9.00.

Mrs. Wright and Mrs. W. Wedge, Sr., returned from Elgin on Friday, where they had gone to visit a sick niece who died on Sunday. Mr. W. Wedge, Jr., attended the funeral on Wednesday.

On account of the death of President McKinley the annual banquet of Waukegan Chapter O. E. S., that was to be given this week Thursday and to which Sorosis Chapter and all other Chapters in the County were invited, has been postponed until Thursday evening, Sept. 28.

Dr. Palmer left on Wednesday for Milton, Mis., where he was joined in marriage to a popular young lady of that city. They will visit Buffalo and other cities in New York state returning to Grayslake to reside about Oct. 1st. The Dr. has a good practice here and has won many friends who unite in wishing him and his bride heartiest congratulations.

LAKE VILLA.

Eugene Ross, of Stevens Point, is station agent here.

John Clark, of Millburn, is at work for C. Harbaugh and Co.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Nelson spent Saturday and Sunday in Waukegan.

Wilbur Blackford, of Chicago, is visiting relatives here and at Fox Lake.

L. G. Gratz, is quite sick with pneumonia, but is reported better at this writing.

R. A. Douglas is now able to be out of doors and was up town for the first time on Monday.

Mrs. O. S. Gard has returned from her visit in Southern Illinois after a stay of four weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Kerr. Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Rowling, Rev. O. S. Gard, and Chas. Harbaugh were Chicago visitors the fore part of the week.

The ladies of Lake Villa will give a chicken pie supper at Hotel Potter on Friday evening, Sept. 27th. Supper will be served from 5 to 9 o'clock. All are cordially invited. Supper 25c.

The Sand Lake Cemetery Society will meet with Mrs. Fred Hucker on Thursday, Sept. 26th. All members are requested to be present. Visitors welcome. Mrs. J. King, Sec.

Subscribe for THE NEWS and Inner Ocean. Only \$1.50 per year.

VOLO.

Frank Sexton is having an addition built on his cottage near the M. E. church.

Rev Mr Dutton gave a fine sermon last Sunday, on the death of our beloved President.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Williams, of Bristol, Wis., spent last Wednesday at Raught Bros. with their cousin and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Fernando Williams, of Glencoe, N. Y.

Smith, Harold and Kenneth Hughes, Earl White and Harold Minto, of this place, and Earnest White, of Millburn, have gone to attend school the coming year at Champaign.

Wednesday evening Sept 25 a farewell social will be given for Rev Mr Dutton at the home of T. Bacon, near Rossville. If it should storm that evening the social will be on Thursday evening. A chicken pie supper will be served.

Rev Mr Dutton will preach his farewell sermon in the Volo M. E. church at 2.30 P. M. His sermon will be especially for the young people. All are invited to attend this farewell service. He and his family will leave Sept 30th, for their new home in Iowa.

A number from this section attended the prohibition picnic at Grayslake last Saturday. On account of the rain the meeting was held in the church. It was a very interesting meeting. The Menly quartette were there and gave some of their temperance songs which are always enjoyable.

Saturday evening Sept. 28, a gold medal contest will be held at the Fort Hill Christian church. No admission fee, but a collection will be taken. Mrs. Shepard, the County Supt. of contest work will bring her class of girls for the contest. Everybody is invited to come. Do not fail to attend.

Less than ten miles from Volo, a certain man, who thinks he is smart, was heard to say he was glad the President was shot. We would like to see him treated like the man in Waukegan, who made the same remark. This said man is known all over Lake County; is very popular along the line of the new railroad.

FOX LAKE.

Christina Weber is visiting in Chicago. Mrs. L. Mattox is visiting at A. Tweeds. Miss Annie Galiger is at home for a week.

Hebert Nelson was a Grayslake visit Monday.

Miss Mattie James is progressing finely with her school.

Corn cutting and fall plowing are the principle occupation of the farmers.

Sid Darling, 1012 Howard street, Port Huron, Mich., writes: "I have tried many pills and laxatives but DeWitt's Little Early Risers are far the best pills I ever used." They never gripe. W. T. Hill.

Commencing at 8 o'clock sharp there will be a silver medal contest given at the Fox Lake school house Friday evening, Sept 27 by the following young people: Sidney Vant Wood, Minnie Drose, Emily Phillips, Alice Moore, Mable Lester and Minnie Dix. Some musical selections will be given also. No admission fee is charged, but a collection will be taken up.

LOON LAKE.

Miss Maude Hughes is visiting at Somers, Wis.

The Emmons school has begun with Mr. Hockney as teacher.

Vera Miller, who has been suffering with rheumatism, is on the gain.

Every one in this vicinity is shocked over the death of our president, Wm. McKinley. Flags are seen at half mast and many are wearing mourning.

A Handkerchief Worth \$1200

Among some superb photographs of "The Handkerchief Laces in America," which occupy a double page in The Ladies Home Journal for September, is shown an exquisite handkerchief valued at \$1200. When one closely examines the weblike film, and the remarkable detail of the dainty design, this sum seems none too much to pay for such a piece of work. Its making doubtless occupied the greater part of a woman's life. The handkerchief is now the property of the Drexel Institute in Philadelphia, to which it was presented by the widow of George W. Childs, the famous journalist and philanthropist. The other beautiful laces shown on this page are owned in New York and Boston most of them being included in the collection loaned to the Metropolitan Museum of Art, by Mrs. Astor. This collection is valued at the enormous sum of \$62,000.

Mr. Cleveland on Fishing.

Mr. Cleveland's next contribution to The Saturday Evening Post, of Philadelphia, will be an extremely readable paper, in which he sings the praises of his favorite sport. The Reflections of a Fisherman shows very pleasantly the genial "unofficial" side of the former President.

The Outlook

The Philippine exhibit at the Buffalo Exposition is made the subject of an interesting brief article in the Outlook for September 7, accompanied by several heretofore unpublished pictures which show the types of the native public school teachers in the Philippines, the different nationalities represented among the people and some of the more notable of the picturesque school buildings. The article itself is decidedly picturesque in its presentation of the possibilities of education in the Philippines. (23 a year. The Outlook company, 287 Fourth Avenue, New York.)

How To Win Success.

How is success to be achieved? By finding what seems to be our work and sticking to it. The man who can do just one thing and does it is greater than he who can do a dozen things and does not.

Fortune is very like individuals in some respects. If we are persistent she will sometimes give us all we ask just to be rid of our importuning.—Nixon Waterman in "The National Magazine" for September.

G. C. Sugart

Died of consumption at the age of 37 years, at his home in Hamilton, Wis., near Fond du Lac, Sept. 11th, 1901. After several months of long weary sickness the death angel came and waited his spirit to his home in heaven. He left here to mourn his departure a devoted wife and three dear children: Eva, age 14; Frank, age 12, and Harold, age 10 years; three brothers and one sister, Will Sugart, of Indianapolis, Ind., Ed. Sugart, of North Fond du Lac, Wis., Otto Sugart and Mary Murphy, of Rockford, Ill., besides numerous other friends. Gus, as he was always called, made many friends wherever he went, because those that came in contact with him could not help but to love him. He came to Antioch when a boy with the family of Mr. Beck, from Chicago (Was married to Miss Belle Richardson in April 1885. He learned telegraphy soon after with Mr. Ziegler and moved to Byron, thence to Fond du Lac, thence to Hamilton, where he fulfilled the duties required on the W. C. Railroad, until last June, when his strength gave out and he had to take that long vacation. Funeral services were held at the home of N. S. Burnett at two o'clock Friday afternoon, address by Rev. E. J. Aikin of the M. E. church. Interment in Antioch Hillside Cemetery. Those beside the immediate family who attended were: Ed. and Otto Sugart, Dr. John Fisher, of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. Butz, Mr. Norton, Mr. Grider, of Hamilton; Mrs. Grider, of Milwaukee; Mrs. Alcott, of South Fond du Lac.

Afraid to die. No, dear wife: I know that I am safe in God's own care I'll be happy there, triumphant in his grace.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to extend our thankfulness to those who, with kind hearts and willing hands, assisted us in laying our loved one to rest.

Mrs. BELLE SUGART AND CHILDREN, ED. AND OTTO SUGART, MR. AND MRS. N. S. BURNETT AND FAMILY.

Died at Trevor, September 4th, Harry Chapin, son of W. B. and Belle Graves Taylor, aged 1 year and 13 days.

TO HARRY

We saw our darling baby
Clothed in garments white,
Laid in his little casket
And decked with flowers bright.
On the baby face there lingered
No trace of sorrow or pain,
But only a glad awakening
As borne by the angel train.

He left the things that are earthly
And saw his Father's face;
He left the arms of a mother,
To be clasped in a Saviour's embrace.

We have not lost our loved one;
He's living in realms of light,
He's still our much loved baby
Tho' hid from our eager sight.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Taylor wish to thank those who, with kind hearts and willing hands, assisted them in their late bereavement.

Resolutions of Respect.

At a regular meeting of Lotus Camp, No. 557, M. W. A., the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas; It has pleased the Creator and Divine Ruler of the universe to call from her family and friends the beloved wife of our esteemed Neighbor, James Isester, and Whereas; Through the agency of the Divine Father the cold hand of death hath stricken from our midst the loyal and loving wife of our Neighbor who is now bowed down with grief and sorrow, therefore be it

Resolved; That we, the Neighbors of Lotus Camp, No. 557, M. W. A. do hereby extend to our bereaved Neighbor and his family our most sincere sympathy and sorrow in their hour of affliction and remind them that "the darkest hour is just before the dawn."

Resolved; That this, our testimonial of sympathy and sorrow, for Mrs. Isester, a noble wife and devoted mother, be spread upon the minutes of our Camp, that a copy be sent to the family of the deceased and published in THE ANTIOCH NEWS.
Committee M. W. A.

Shoes, Hosiery, Underwear

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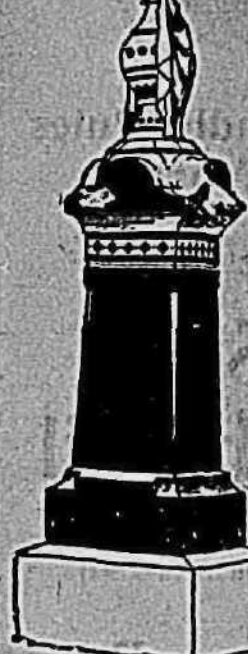
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J. J. BURKE, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK

A movement is under way to unionize the employees of the Krein Chain factories of Marion, Ind., and St. Mary's, Ohio. Of the seven plants operated by the Standard Chain Company these two are the only plants in operation. The scale demanded is for an increase of 40 per cent.

Templeton Crocker of San Francisco, heir to \$3,000,000, was dangerously injured at Burlington by being thrown from his dog cart. He struck a telegraph pole and both legs were broken above the knee. Templeton is only 13 years old, but he is an expert whip and drives very spirited horses.

A forest fire which started west of Eldora, Colo., burned over a large territory and destroyed much valuable timber. The families of all the miners employed at Owsley & Co.'s camp were sent to the place and the men were set to fighting the flames to prevent their spreading to the company's mills.

Czolgosz was indicted by the grand jury at Buffalo on the charge of murder in the first degree and arraigned before Judge Emery. At the request of the Bar Association and to assure dignified and just handling of the prisoner's case, the court appointed two former justices of the Supreme Court as his counsel.

James Younger, the once notorious bandit, is seriously ill at the city hospital in St. Paul. A couple of weeks ago Younger was thrown from his wagon and received severe bruises about the back. He carries a number of bullets in his body, one of which is believed to be lodged near where the back was injured, and his physicians are fearful that total paralysis may ensue.

George Francis Train's letter commending Emma Goldman, the high priestess of anarchism, has cost him an honor once accorded by the city of Omaha. Having admiration for the eccentric traveler, the school board named one of the city schools after Mr. Train. Now the board, resenting the sentiment in the Goldman letter, has rechristened the "Train school" and adopted Mr. McKinley's name for it.

Crazy Snake, the Creek Indian who led the rebellion in Indian Territory last spring against the government, has been released and is again inciting his people to rebellion. He claims to have come recently from Washington, where he ascertained tribal rights are to be restored to Indians. He is conducting sun dances and other such ceremonies in the interest of his cause and is keeping his tribe in a condition of unrest.

Chancellor Magie heard testimony in the probating of the will of Jacob S. Rogers, the late millionaire locomotive manufacturer of Paterson, N. J. Witnesses testified that Rogers appeared to be of sound mind when he signed his will. When former Attorney General Griggs rested his case Mr. Parker raised the point that the court was without jurisdiction on the ground that Rogers was a citizen of New York. He requested the court to fix a day for hearing argument. The chancellor refused the motion.

The Peary relief steamer Erik, from Cape Sabine, Eastern Sea, arrived at North Sydney, C. B. All well. In a letter, dated Conger, April 4, 1901, Lieut. Peary summarized the result of his year's work as follows: 1. The rounding of the northern limit of the Greenland archipelago, the most northerly known land in the world, probably the most northerly land. 2. The highest latitude yet attained in the western hemisphere (83 degrees 50 minutes north). 3. The determination of the origin of the so-called paleocretaceous ice (ice berg).

Following is the standing of the clubs in the National League:

W. L.	W. L.
Pittsburg .. 70 44 Boston .. 63 62	
Philadelphia 72 51 Chicago .. 60 77	
Brooklyn .. 71 54 New York .. 48 74	
St. Louis .. 66 57 Cincinnati .. 46 73	

Standings in the American League are as follows:

W. L.	W. L.
Chicago .. 70 48 Baltimore .. 60 62	
Boston .. 71 54 Washington .. 55 68	
Detroit .. 69 56 Cleveland .. 53 72	
Philadelphia 68 60 Milwaukee .. 46 70	

NEWS WAGGERS.

At Pontiac, Mich., fire destroyed the largest portion of O. J. Beaudet & Co.'s carriage body works. Loss \$80,000, insured for \$47,000. About 250 men were employed.

Frank H. Burroughs, commandant of the Grand Army of the Republic at Albert Lea, Minn., died suddenly at the home of his daughter, Mrs. M. Koch, in Chicago. Death is supposed to have resulted from heart disease.

Prime Minister Sagasta says that Spain will continue her determination to take the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, which is located twelve miles up Jerome Park road from Cardiff, Colo. The explosion was caused from gas and dust being ignited by the shots.

R. E. Gore was shot and killed at the new town of McKnight, south of Lawton, Ok., by Col. Howle of Alabama. Gore went to the new country from Seymour, Texas, and was 23 years of age. Howle and his brother settled on Gore's lots, a quarrel ensued and the shooting followed.

The four members of the crew of the schooner G. Ellen of Racine were rescued from their craft in midlake by the steamer Nyack just before the Ellen broke up. When the Nyack came in sight of the imperiled men, the stern had split, the schooner was waterlogged, and parts of the hull were being broken off by the waves.

Bishop Henry B. Whipple of the Protestant Episcopal Church died at his home in Fairbairn, Minn. He had a severe attack of angina pectoris about a week before, but seemed to recover after the first few days' illness.

E. STERN.

The will of Charles H. Hayden, the late retired manufacturer of wall paper, was filed in Boston. It gives away \$300,000 in public bequests.

William H. Crane, the actor, was badly hurt by a fall at the Imperial Hotel, New York. He sprained his ankle severely and also wrenched a muscle of his leg.

Seven of the thirteen bodies that have been entombed since June 10, when the explosion in the coal mine of the Pittsburg Coal Company at Port Royal, Pa., took place, have been recovered.

The schooners Cassie P. Bronson, Philadelphia, for Bangor, Me., and Lavinia Campbell, Boston, for Philadelphia, were in collision at the Overfalls, near Dolaware Breakwater, Del. Both boats were badly damaged.

Fire in the Red Hook storage building in Brooklyn, owned by the New York Storage Company, did damage to the estimated extent of \$100,000, and property worth \$150,000 more was in danger of being destroyed before the firemen mastered the flames.

Learning that a man who had left Berlin, N. H., for New York had declared that he was on his way to Washington to kill Vice-President Roosevelt, Chief of Police Youngelss telegraphed the chief of police of New York and the man was arrested. He is a foreigner.

George M. Moulton & Co., of Chicago, architects and engineers, will build for the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad the largest grain elevator in the world. The site of the new building, which will have a capacity of 4,000,000 bushels, will be Weehawken, N. J.

The Chicago limited on the West Shore Railroad, west bound, was wrecked at Eastwood, three miles east of Syracuse, N. Y. No one was seriously hurt. The cause was a misplaced switch. The locomotive, baggage car and three coaches left the track and were overturned.

The Weldon Grocery Company, a corporation with a capital stock of \$100,000, went into the hands of a receiver. The company has seventeen stores in Pittsburgh and vicinity and is said to be doing a good business, but lately has been unable to pay its credits when they came due and had to give notes.

While seated at the front window of his cottage in Brighton, N. Y., Giuseppe Caciandri was shot and seriously wounded. His assailant is not known, but the police arrested Joseph Bell, who was found running in Brighton avenue. On Bell's person was found a revolver with one of the chambers empty.

Three explosions occurred in the works of the American-Schultz Powder Company in Oakland, N. J. Five men were killed. The first explosion was that of the boiler. Following almost immediately were two explosions, one in the magazine, the other in the mixing house. The latter is supposed to have been caused by a spark.

WESTERN.

Conrad Youngerman, a wealthy contractor and pioneer of Des Moines, whose estate is valued at \$2,000,000, is dead.

Judge Eli Torrance of Minneapolis was unanimously elected commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic at Cleveland.

Robert H. Mumford, known throughout the Yukon country and the States as "Feller Hob," committed suicide at Nome by swallowing morphine.

William Cotter, a hostler, was doing his stable work at Denver, Colo., when informed of \$250,000 credited to him as heir of a New York estate.

In Tacoma, Wash., a woman, supposed to be a Mrs. Harrigan, jumped from a third-story window at the Fremont House and sustained fatal injuries.

Detectives are trying to find the person or persons who carried off \$1,000 worth of diamond rings from a show case in the store of Schlesinger & Mayer in Chicago.

Reports to the railroad headquarters at St. Paul state that Northwestern farmers are delaying thrashing and shipping grain, fearing adverse effect on prices.

The postoffice at Edmond, Ok., was entered by burglars, the safe blown open and \$385 stolen. United States marshals, with bloodhounds, took the trail of the robbers.

Emma Goldman, high priestess of anarchism, has been arrested by Detective Herz of Chief O'Neill's office and Capt. Schuetler in a flat at 303 Sheffield avenue, Chicago.

Heavy rains have raised the water in the Republican and Beaver rivers in Nebraska, carrying away bridges and washing out railroad roadbeds near Bartley and other points.

An unidentified man and woman who went boat riding in Chicago did not return. The boat was found upside down the next morning. The couple were supposedly drowned.

Twelve-year-old Mike Zielinski, at St. Louis, saved a smaller playmate from death by knocking a live wire out of his way, but received himself a charge which killed him instantly.

W. H. Thompson, an aged farmer of Coyle, O. T., was egged by a mob because, owing to an alleged religious belief, he has fasted for ten years in penance for a sin.

R. A. Douglas and his divorced wife and son were up town, Frank Trim, on Monday.

New indictments have been returned at Santa Fe, N. M., against Pedro Sanchez, census supervisor of New Mexico, and Mariam Senn, his clerk, charging embezzlement and forgery.

George Gray of Grayville, S. D., was dismembered with a knife by George McDwain in a saloon fight. Gray cannot live. Both belong to good families. McDwain is under arrest.

The 12-year-old son of C. A. Gummer, living near Moscow, Idaho, placed the small end of a powder horn in his mouth and ignited the powder, as he said, to "make a smoke." The inside of his head was reduced to jelly.

Mrs. Pawkes, wife of Dr. J. Walter Pawkes, a prominent physician of Washington, D. C., and Mrs. Mary Putnam of Davenport, Iowa, were painfully injured in a runaway on the mountain side near Glenwood Springs, Colo.

Albert Buff, a Frenchman, aged about 50 years, shot and instantly killed his wife at their home in Vandalia, Mo. Buff

had been drinking and he and his wife became involved in a quarrel over the division of some of their property.

George M. Pullman is once more going to tempt fate and enter the bonds of matrimony, just as soon as he can secure a divorce from his present wife, Lynna Fernald Pullman. The divorce is Mrs. Brazell, a San Francisco widow.

At Cripple Creek, Colo., the barber shop of John Tyler was blown up with dynamite. The explosion wrecked the building and contents, but Tyler escaped. Tyler is a colored man and has repeatedly refused to join the Barbers' Union.

Residents of Chicago have been swindled out of \$150,000, according to government secret service officers, through the counterfeiting of cigar labels and internal revenue stamps. Ten manufacturers of cigars and a printer are said to be involved in the fraud.

At the annual meeting of the National Hay Association, at Indianapolis, E. L. Rogers, formerly president, declared that while corn is king of the agricultural products hay ranks second with a total valuation on the product this year amounting to \$440,000,000.

Joseph Manshine, bartender at Dettler's saloon, in Stringtown, Colo., was killed by robbers. Manshine was closing up the saloon when two masked men attempted to gain admission. In the struggle which ensued one robber drew a revolver and shot Manshine dead.

Miss Nancy Stone, daughter of ex-Senate Senator James G. Stone of Leavenworth, Kan., eloped with Guy Snell, son of a poor farmer. The young couple were married and are reported to have gone West on a wedding tour. The father of the girl tried to head them off, but failed.

The schooner Sea Gem while attempting to make Manitowish, Wis., harbor missed the pier and went ashore. Captain Hanshaw of Charlevoix, owner of the boat, and the four members of the crew were saved. The vessel broke up, and with her cargo of silas will be a total loss.

Jessie Morrison, who was sent to the penitentiary at Lansing, Kan., for five years for killing Mrs. Clara Willey Castle, her rival, at Eldorado, by cutting her throat with a razor, has been released. She was liberated on bond pending an appeal of her case to the State Supreme Court.

The St. Cloud, Minn., Gas and Electric Company's plant and franchise have been sold by H. S. Abbott, special master in chancery, to A. F. Howard and others of Portsmouth, N. H., for \$34,864.04. To this should be added \$38,500 in receiver's certificates and also interest and expenses of sale.

Mrs. William T. Hoopes of Marysville, Ohio, Walter H. Shaffer of North Baltimore, John D. Henson of Sunneville and others who formed a stock company to bore for oil at Zanewille struck a dowing at a depth of 1,500 feet, and the citizens of the village are almost wild over the good luck.

John W. Knox of Findlay, Ohio, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the federal court at Toledo, stating liabilities in the sum of \$237,501.73. He is an oil operator, and says all of his indebtedness was incurred in Pennsylvania and New York, where he formerly lived. He has absolutely no assets.

Mrs. Mollie Mahray of Kansas City dashed two ounces of carbolic acid into the face of Miss Maud Hanson at Omaha because she believed the young woman had alienated the affections of her husband, a traveling man. The young woman was severely burned about the cheeks, nose, chin and mouth.

The consolidation of five Nebraska and two Iowa creameries has been completed, with a prospect of as many more companies coming into the combine. The new company will be known as the Nebraska-Iowa Creamery Company, with a capital stock of \$200,000. Its principal place of business will be at Omaha.

At Wichita, Kan., the grand jury brought in a indictment against William Martin, charging him with wrecking the Guaranty National Bank, which failed more than two years ago. President Cross of the bank committed suicide at the time of the failure. Martin was vice-president of the bank.

A government secret service agent seized thirty-two half-tone cuts in the hands of the Hudson-Kimberly Printing Company, Kansas City, Mo., under the counterfeit money act. These plates were to have been used to illustrate a book brought out by L. S. Hurst of Mexico, Mo., entitled "How to Detect Counterfeit Money."

Carl Hoewer, a 13-year-old boy, met death by strangulation at his home on the Troy pike, near Dayton, Ohio. Young Hoewer was inaking ready to attend the carnival in Dayton and while drying his face with the long towel he became entangled in the folds. In his efforts to release himself he drew the towel tighter and tighter until death resulted.

Four men were killed in a disastrous freight wreck on the Great Northern, near Cascade tunnel, in Washington. The engineer lost control of the air brakes while making the western grade in the tunnel and the train attained such a high rate of speed that when a slight curve was reached the cars jumped the track and piled up in a confused heap.

SOUTHERN.

Three negroes who murdered Wash Thomas were taken from jail and hanged by an enraged posse of colored men at Wickliffe, Ky.

At May King, Ky., "Jim" Kelley, the notorious mountain moonshiner and outlaw of Elkhorn Creek, was shot and killed by Charles Isen, 20 years old.

At Memphis, Tenn., Jimmy Casey, a featherweight pugilist, who is known throughout the West and South, was fatally injured by the explosion of a gas tank.

In Nevada, Mo., James B. Ferguson, aged 40, was shot by Hiram Bates, aged 63. The men were neighbors in the suburbs of the town and fell out over a trivial matter.

G. Beckham of Kentucky has committed to life imprisonment the sentence of Holly Strutton, who was to have been hanged at Lawrenceburg for the murder of Newton Seney.

E. S. Peters of Calvert, president of the Texas Cotton Growers' Association, says: "The yield of the Texas crop will not exceed 2,400,000 bales. A shortage of at least 1,000,000 bales, compared with last season, exists."

H. Vellenger, who was found dead at

Hot Springs, Ark., had among his effects two discharges from the Cook County hospital, Chicago, dated Oct. 1, 1900. The coroner returned a verdict of death from natural causes.

A Southern switch engine, while running ten miles an hour, jumped the track at a curve under Whitehall street bridge, in Atlanta, Ga. Conductor Ed. Underwood, riding on the front of the engine, was buried between the engine and the embankment.

FOREIGN.

A dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, announces that O. Kruger, a son of the former President of the Transvaal, and Capt. Ferreira have surrendered.

The final estimate of the season's crops in Austria-Hungary shows the yield of wheat to be 34,800,000 metacenters, rye 11,500,000, barley 10,500,000, and oats 9,800,000. This represents a decline, as compared with the yield of last year.

The steamer Tartar brings news that a mountain in northern Japan disappeared after an earthquake. It rose over 500 feet in height and covered forty acres, at the outskirts of the village of Koiwai-ama. It sank with a tremendous thundering noise.

It was officially announced that the Mexican International Railroad had been purchased by Speyer & Co. of New York. It is expected the property will be operated more or less in harmony with the Mexican National, which is in process of reorganization by the same firm.

A serious explosion took place at the Llanbradach colliery, near Garmplilly, Wales. Six miners have been rescued, all suffering severely from the effects of after-damp. It has become known that at least two of the miners are dead, and the total of the death roll will probably be ten.

Vice Admiral Falk Pasha, chief of the general staff of the Turkish admiralty, was made his escape from Constantinople, going by British steamer to Malta. Fear of the consequences of his memorial to the Sultan denouncing maladministration in the navy caused his flight. His property has been declared forfeited.

IN GENERAL.

President McKinley died at 2:15 o'clock Saturday morning, after lying unconscious for five hours.

A report has come from Montreal that several anarchists had arrived there for the purpose of assassinating the Duke of York when he comes to Montreal.

It is reported that half the Porto Rico coffee crop has been partially ruined by the recent storms and that the banana crop has suffered serious damage.

Rear Admiral Francis M. Ramsey has been selected as a member of the Schley court of inquiry to fill the vacancy caused by the rejection of Rear Admiral Howison.

The cabinet has decided upon the character and scope of the bill for the punishment of persons who in the future may attempt to assassinate a President of the United States. It will make such attempts treason, punishable by death.

Arrangements for a reunion of the Eighth Ohio regiment of the Spanish-American war, popularly known as the "President's Own," have been put aside until the complete recovery of the President. It had been hoped to have him at the reunion.

Attorney General Knox has completed his investigation of the charges of the Bar Association of Hawaii against Abram S. Humphreys, first judge of the first judicial circuit of Hawaii. The conclusion reached is that Judge Humphreys has done nothing that would justify his removal. Not one of the charges is sustained.

The Schley court of inquiry opened with the declaration by Schley's counsel that the sole point at issue is whether he or Sampson was in command at the battle of Santiago. Admiral Dewey sustained the protest against Admiral Howison serving as a member of the court, and court adjourned until his successor is appointed by the Navy Department.

The postmaster at Nome, Joshua Wright, has been arrested and held for trial on a charge of embezzling \$2,200 from the government of the United States. Postal Inspector Clum is the principal witness against Postmaster Wright. At the preliminary hearing Clum testified that upon the first examination of Wright's affairs he found a shortage of over \$10,000. Within the next two days Wright replaced \$7,300, leaving a deficit still remaining of \$3,200.

MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.00; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$5.00; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 68c to 69c; corn, No. 2, 54c to 55c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 34c; rye, No. 2, 51c to 52c; butter, 14c to 15c; potatoes, new, \$1.00 to \$1.15.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.00; hogs, choice light, \$4.00 to \$5.00; sheep, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, 68c to 70c; corn, No. 2, 54c to 55c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 34c; rye, No. 2, 51c to 52c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.25 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.15; sheep, \$3.00 to \$3.60; wheat, No. 2, 68c to 69c; corn, No. 2, 54c to 55c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 34c; rye, No. 2, 51c to 52c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$3.25; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 72c; corn, No. 2, 57c to 58c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 34c; rye, No. 2, 51c to 52c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.15; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.40; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2, 54c to 55c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 34c; rye, No. 2, 51c to 52c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2, 68c to 70c; corn, No. 2, 54c to 55c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 34c; rye, No. 2, 51c to 52c; clover seed, prime, \$5.40.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2, 68c to 69c; corn, No. 3, 55c to 56c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 34c; rye, No. 1, 52c to 54c; barley, No. 2, 53c to 54c; mess, \$14.05.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$3.00 to \$5.80; hogs, fair to prime, \$3.00 to \$7.12; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.00; lambs, common to choice, \$4.50 to \$5.00.

New York—Cattle, \$3.75 to \$5.40; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.15; sheep, \$2.40 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 74c to 75c; corn, No. 2, 60c to 61c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 34c; butter, creamery, 17c to 20c; eggs, western, 15c to 18c.

ROOSEVELT SWORN IN

THE NEW PRESIDENT TAKES THE OATH OF OFFICE

Tells the Cabinet Officers that His Main Purpose Is to Continue the Policies of McKinley—Pays Visit of Condolence to Widow.

Theodore Roosevelt became President of the United States at 3:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon, when he complied with the constitutional provision and took the prescribed oath to support and defend the constitution and the laws of the United States. He took that oath at Buffalo in the library of the residence of Ansley Wilcox, a personal friend, with whom he resided earlier in the week when the physicians thought President McKinley would recover from the wound inflicted by the assassin.

The scene was a most affecting one. The new President had just come from the Milburn house, where his predecessor lay cold in death. Overcome by the deep personal sorrow he felt, in his characteristic impulsive way he had gone first to the house of mourning to offer his condolence and sympathy to the broken-hearted widow. Secretary Root, who, twenty years ago, had been present at a similar scene, when Arthur took the oath, after the death of another President who fell a victim to an assassin's bullet, almost broke down when he requested Mr. Roosevelt, on behalf of the members of the cabinet of the late President, to take the prescribed oath. There was not a dry eye in the room.

The new President was visibly shaken, but he controlled himself, and when he lifted his hand to swear it was steady. With the deep solemnity of the occasion full upon him, he announced to those present that his aim would be to be William McKinley's successor in deed as well as in name. Deliberately he proclaimed it in these words:

"In this hour of deep and terrible bereavement, I wish to state that it shall be my aim to continue absolutely unbroken the policy of President McKinley for the peace and prosperity and honor of our beloved country."

The great, far-reaching significance of this pledge to continue the policy of the dead President, announced at the very threshold of a new governmental regime, profoundly impressed his hearers, and President Roosevelt's first step after taking the oath was in line with its redemption. His first act was to ask the members of the cabinet to retain their portfolios temporarily in order to aid him to conduct the government on lines laid down by him whose policy he had declared he would uphold, and every member of the cabinet, including Secretary of State Hay and Secretary of the Treasury Gage, who were communicated with in Washington, agreed for the present, at least, to retain their several portfolios.

BUFFALO AT THE BIER.

Body Lies in State and 100,000 People View the Remains.

Funeral formalities and the outward manifestations of a nation's grief were all that remained after Saturday. With these over, the curtain falls upon the third great tragedy in the annals of American Presidents, and that tragedy, and the career of William McKinley have passed into history. Already the machinery of the chief executive branch of the government has resumed its routine.

The body of the President lay Saturday night in the room wherein he died. It was removed to the parlors of the Milburn house for the funeral services at 11 o'clock Sunday morning. The services were simple in form, and were private, only the immediate members of the McKinley family and their closest friends were assembled. Mrs. McKinley was not with them.

Immediately after the services the remains of the late President were taken to the Buffalo City Hall, and there lay in state from 12 o'clock until 11 o'clock at night. During these hours the City Hall was open to all citizens who desired to file past the casket in honor and respect to his memory. The casket was in view of all. The funeral procession from the Milburn home to the City Hall was under command of Maj. Gen. John R. Brooke of the United States army.

The body of the President was guarded throughout the night by United States soldiers, and at 7:30 o'clock Monday morning it was removed from the City Hall, and under escort of soldiers taken to the union station, where a funeral train went direct to Washington, arriving there on Monday evening.

GANGRENE CAUSES DEATH.

Autopsy Discloses Startling Condition of McKinley's Stomach.

The bullet which struck over the breastbone did not pass through the skin, and did little harm. The other bullet passed through both walls of the stomach near its lower border. Both holes were found to be perfectly closed by the stitches, but the tissue around each hole had become gangrenous. After passing through the stomach the bullet passed under the back walls of the abdomen, hitting and tearing the upper end of the kidney. This portion of the bullet track was also gangrenous, the gangrene involving the pancreas. The bullet has not yet been found. There was no sign of peritonitis or disease of other organs. The heart walls were very thin. There was no evidence of any attempt at repair on the part of nature, and death resulted from the gangrene, which affected the stomach around the bullet wounds, as well as the tissues around the further course of the bullet. Death was unavoidable by any surgical or medical treatment, and was the direct result of the bullet wound.

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HERMANUS L. BAEI, M. D.

Thinks Bullets Were Poisoned.

Dr. McBurney inclines to the belief that President McKinley was shot with poisoned bullets, as the action of the wounds was most auspicious, strongly supporting this theory.

Theme of Sermons.

The death of the President was the theme of sermons in all parts of the country Sunday. Many congregations sang "Nearer, My God, to Thee" as a further mark of respect.

CZOLGOSZ OWNS PLOT

ASSASSIN ADMITS A CONSPIRACY TO KILL MCKINLEY

Confession Implicates Emma Goldman and Other Anarchists—Sewers of Buffalo Searched for Letters Supposed to Give Names of Culprits.

A Buffalo dispatch on Wednesday said that Czolgosz had confessed to the police that his attempt upon the life of President McKinley was the result of a conspiracy in which many besides himself had a part. So far as can be learned, Czolgosz refused to mention any name except that of Emma Goldman, but papers are in existence which, if they can be discovered, will lay bare the entire conspiracy, and will result in wholesale arrests, followed by prosecutions.

In his confession Czolgosz told of his attempt to destroy the written evidences of the conspiracy. He has said that time did not permit him to burn the papers as he had desired. Before leaving his room in Nowak's Hotel, he gathered together all of his papers, taking them from his pockets, from his valise and



from the drawers of his table. They were bound together in one package, which he concealed beneath his coat.

Czolgosz says that he made a frantic and aimless trip about the city, and that at some point, which he cannot describe, he came upon an open sewer. Into this sewer he cast his papers. Much by inch the sewers of this city are being searched, and if such a thing is possible, those papers will be recovered.

On authoritative information it can be said that

The Doctor's Dilemma

By Hesba Stretton

CHAPTER XXII.—(Continued.)

That same evening I received a note, desiring me to go and see him immediately. He was looking brighter and better than in the morning, and an odd smile played now and then about his face as he talked to me, after having desired Mrs. Foster to leave us alone together.

"Mark," he said, "I have not the slightest reason to doubt Olivia's death, except your own opinion to the contrary, which is founded upon reasons of which I know nothing. But acting on the supposition that she may be still alive, I am quite willing to enter into negotiations with her. I suppose it must be through you."

"It must," I answered, "and it cannot be at present. You will have to wait for some months, perhaps, whilst I pursue my search for her. I do not know where she is any more than you do."

A vivid gleam crossed his face at these words, but whether of incredulity or satisfaction I could not tell.

"But suppose I die in the meantime?" he asked.

"I do not know that I might not leave you in your present position," I said at last; "it may be I am acting from an over-strained sense of duty. But if you will give me a formal deed protecting her from yourself, I am willing to advance the funds necessary to remove you to purer air, and more open quarters than these."

A deed of separation, which both of you must sign, can be drawn up, and receive your signature. There will be no doubt as to its being hers, when we find her. But that may be some months hence. As I said: Still I will run the risk."

"For her sake?" he said, with a sneer.

"For her sake, simply," I answered; "I will employ a lawyer to draw up the deed, and as soon as you sign it I will advance the money you require. My treatment of your disease I shall begin at once; that falls under my duty as your doctor; but I warn you that fresh air and freedom from agitation are almost, if not positively, essential to its success. The sooner you secure these for yourself, the better you pass."

Some further conversation passed between us, as to the stipulations to be insisted upon, and the division of the yearly income from Olivia's property, for I would not agree to her alienating any portion of it. Foster wished to drive a hard bargain, still with that odd smile on his face; and it was after much discussion that we came to an agreement.

I had the deed drawn up by a lawyer, who warned me that if Foster sued for a restitution of his rights they would be enforced. But I hoped that when Olivia was found she would have some evidence in her own favor, which would deter him from carrying the case into court. The deed was signed by Foster, and left in my charge till Olivia's signature could be obtained.

As soon as the deed was secured, I had my patient removed from Bellinger street to some apartments in Fulham, near to Dr. Senior, whose interest in the case was now almost equal to my own. Here I could visit him every day. Never had any sufferer, under the highest and wealthiest ranks, greater care and science expended upon him than Richard Foster.

The progress of his recovery was slow, but it was sure. I felt that it would be so from the first. Day by day I watched the pallid hue of sickness upon his face changing into a more natural tone. I saw his strength coming back by slight but steady degrees. The malady was forced to retreat into its most hidden citadel, where it might lurk as a prisoner, but not dwell as a destroyer, for many years to come.

There was no triumph to me in this, as there would have been had my patient been any one else. The cure aroused much interest among my colleagues, and made my name more known. But what made me so much more anxious, was that I had found Olivia was doomed to a lonely and friendless life. I tried to look into the future for her, and saw it stretch out into long, dreary years. I wondered where she would find a home. Could I persuade Johanna to receive her into her pleasant dwelling, which would become so lonely to her when Captain Carey had moved into Julia's house in St. Peter's? That was the best plan I could form.

CHAPTER XXIII.

Julia's marriage arrangements were going on speedily. There was something ironical to me in the chance that made me so often the witness of these. We were so nearly cousins again, that she discussed her purchases, and displayed them before me, as if there had never been any notion between us of keeping house together. Once more I assisted in the choice of a wedding dress, for the one made a year before was said to be yellow and old-fashioned. But this time Julia did not insist upon having white satin. A dainty tint of grey was considered more suitable. Captain Carey enjoyed the purchase with the rapture I had failed to experience.

The wedding was fixed to take place the last week in July, a fortnight earlier than the time proposed; it was also a fortnight earlier than the date I was looking forward to most anxiously, when, I over, news would reach Tardiff from Olivia.

except being too many of 'em p'raps, and my old woman won't own to that. But there's something in the wind as concerns Dr. Dobry, so I thought I'd better come and give you a hint of it."

"Very good, Simmons," said Jack. "You recollect taking my cab to Gray's Inn Road about this time last year, when I showed up so green, don't you?" he asked.

"To be sure," I said.

"Well, doctors," he continued, "the very last Monday as ever was, a lady walks slowly along the stand, eyeing us all very hard, but taking no heed of any of 'em, till she catches sight of me. The lady comes along very slowly—she looks hard at me—she nods her head, as much as to say, 'You, and your cab, and your horse are what I'm on the lookout for; and I get down, opens the door, and sees her in quite comfortable. Says she, 'Drive me to Messrs. Scott and Brown, in Gray's Inn Road.'"

"No!" I ejaculated.

"Yes, doctors," replied Simmons. "Drive me, she says, to Messrs. Scott and Brown, Gray's Inn Road. Of course I knew the name again; I was vexed enough the last time I were there, at showing myself so green. I looks hard at her. A very fine make of a woman, with hair and eyes as black as coals, and a triumphant look on her face somehow. She told me to wait for her in the street; and directly after she goes in there comes down the post I had seen before, with a pom behind his ear. He looks very hard at me, and me at him. Says he, 'I think I have seen your face before, my man, very civil; as civil as an orange, as folks say. I think you have,' I says, 'Could you step upstairs for a minute or two?' says he, very polite; 'I'll find a boy to take charge of your horse.' And he slips a art-crown into my hand, quite pleasant."

"So, you went in, of course?" said Jack.

"Doctors," he answered solemnly, "I did go in. There's nothing to be said against that. The lady is sitting in a office upstairs, talking to another gent, with hair and eyes like hers, as black as coals, and the same look of brass on his face. All three of 'em looked a little



"OFF WITH HIM TO THE CARRIAGE."

under the weather. 'What's your name, my man?' asked the black gent, 'Walter,' I says. 'And where do you live?' he says, taking me seriously. 'In Queer street,' I says, with a little wink to show 'em I were up to a trick or two. They all three laughed a little among themselves, but not in a pleasant sort of way. 'Then the gent begins again. 'My good fellow,' he says, 'we want you to give us a little information that 'ud be of use to us, and we are willing to pay you handsome for it. It can't do you any harm, nor no body else, for it's only a matter of business. You're not above taking ten shillings for a bit of useful information?' 'Not by no manner of means,' I says."

"Go on," I said impatiently.

"Just so, doctors," he continued, "but this time I was mistaking Mr. P's and Q's. 'You know Dr. Senior, of Brook street?' he says. 'The old doctor?' I says; 'he's retired out of town.' 'No,' he says, 'he's the young doctor neither; but there's another of 'em, isn't there?' 'Dr. Dobry?' I says. 'Yes,' he says, 'he often takes your cab, my friend.' 'First one and then the other,' I says, 'sometimes Dr. John and sometimes Dr. Dobry. They're as thick as brothers, and thicker.' 'Good friends of yours?' he says. 'Well,' says I, 'they take my cab when they can have it; but there's not much friendship, as I see, in that. It's the best cab and horse on the stand. Dr. John's pretty rare, but the other's no great favorite of mine.' 'Ah! he says."

Simmons' face was illuminated with delight, and he winked sportively at us. "It were all summery, doctors," he said. "I jest see them setting a trap, and I wanted to have a finger in it. 'Ah!' he says, 'all we want to know, but we do want to know that very particular, where you drive Dr. Dobry to the office. He's going to borrow money from us, and we'd like to find out something about his habits. You know who he is, I guess in your cab.' 'Of course I do,' I says. 'I drove him and Dr. John here a twelve-month ago. The other gent took my number down, and know where to look for me when you wanted me.' 'You're a clever fellow,' he says. 'And you'd old woman thinks,' I says. 'So you'd be glad to earn a little more for your old woman?' he says. 'Try me,' I says. 'Well, then,' says he, 'here's a offer for you. If you'll bring us word where he spends his spare time, we'll give you ten shillings; and if it turns out of any use to us, we'll make it five pounds.' 'Very good,' I says. 'You've not got any information to tell us at once?' he says. 'Well, no,' I says, 'but I'll keep my eye

upon him now.' 'Stop,' he says, as I were going away; 'they keep a carriage, of course? Of course, I says; 'what's the good of a doctor that hasn't a carriage and pair?' 'Do they use it at night?' says he. 'Not often,' says I; 'they take a cab; mine if it's on the stand.' 'Very good,' he says; 'good morning, my friend.' So I come away, and drives back again to the stand."

"And you left the lady there?" I asked, with no doubt in my mind that it was Mrs. Foster.

"Yes, doctor," he answered, "talking away like a poll-parrot with the black-haired gent. 'That were last Monday, to-day's Friday, and this morning there comes this bit of a note to me at our house. That's what's brought me here at this time, doctors.'"

He gave the note into Jack's hands; and he, after glancing at it, passed it on to me. The contents were simply these words: "James Simmons is requested to call at Gray's Inn Road, at 6:30 Friday evening." The handwriting struck me as one I had seen and noticed before.

I scanned it more closely for a minute or two; then a glimmering of light began to dawn upon my memory. Could it be? I felt almost sure it was. In another minute I was persuaded that it was the same hand that had written the letter announcing Olivia's death. Probably if I could see the penmanship of the other partner, I should find it to be identical with that of the medical certificate which had accompanied the letter.

"Leave this note with me, Simmons," I said, giving him half a crown in exchange for it. I was satisfied now that the papers had been forged, but not with Olivia's connivance. Was Foster himself a party to it? Or had Mrs. Foster, alone, with the aid of these friends, or relatives of hers, plotted and carried out the scheme, leaving him in ignorance and doubt like my own?

I crossed in the mail steamer to Guernsey, on a Monday night, as the wedding was to take place at an early hour on Wednesday morning, in time for Captain Carey and Julia to catch the boat to England. The ceremony was to be solemnized at seven. Under these circumstances there could be no formal wedding breakfast, a matter not much to be regretted.

Captain Carey and I were standing at the altar of the old church some minutes before the bridal procession appeared. He looked pale, but wound up to a high pitch of resolute courage. The church was nearly full of eager spectators, all of whom I had known from my childhood. Far back, half sheltered by a pillar, I saw the white head and handsome face of my father, with Kate Dittrey by his side. At length Julia appeared, pale like the bridegroom, but dignified and prepossessing. She did not glance at me; she evidently gave no thought to me. That was well, and as it should be.

"Stay!" he said; "there is no chance whatever of going so late as this. Let us think for a few minutes."

But at that moment a furious peal of the bell rang through the house. We both ran into the hall. The servant had just opened the door, and a telegraph clerk stood on the steps, with a telegram, which he thrust into his hands. It was directed to me. I tore it open. "From Jean Grilmont, Granville, to Dr. Dobree, Brook street, London." I did not know any Jean Grilmont of Granville; it was the name of a stranger to me. A message was written underneath in Norman patois, but so mislaid and garbled in the transmission that I could not make out the sense of it. The only words I was sure about were "mam'zelle," "Foster," "Tardiff," and "a lagonie." Who was on the point of death I could not tell. (To be continued.)

WASPS BENEFIT THE FIGS.

Insects Are Necessary to the Fruit's Successful Cultivation.

The long-continued effort to produce the Smyrna fig of commerce in California has been crowned with success. The history of the experiment is interesting. It began over twenty years ago with importation of cuttings from Asia Minor. Figs have been produced from these and other imported cuttings, but they were not the famous white fig of commerce. The credit of producing the latter in California belongs to Geo. C. Roeding of Fresno. Until this summer every true Smyrna fig tree planted in California which bore fruit failed to mature it; the figs were unfertilized and withered and dropped. It was finally discovered that the fertilization of this fig depended upon the service of the blastophaga wasp, whose habitat is in the capri, or wild fig. The latter was imported and thrived amazingly, but the blastophaga did not accompany it.

Special importations of the wasp followed, but it thrived only for a season on the capri fig and then disappeared. It was assumed that it could not survive our winters. Last year the Department of Agriculture took the matter in hand. A fresh consignment was imported and its care intrusted to Mr. Roeding. Last April the young insect colony emerged in full force from the first capri cot, entered the second, emerged again, and then took possession of the Smyrna fig trees, the fruit on which was ready for fertilization. Mr. Roeding reports that this experiment has been perfectly successful. A ton of the fruit has been picked from his trees and the entire crop will yield five or six tons more. Mr. Roeding believes that the blastophaga has come to stay and he expects that California will be enriched soon with another industry.

Rogues of Wall Street.

The rogues of Wall Street flourish. They are thieving brokers, promoters of mining schemes and disreputable speculators. Said a thieving broker on one occasion: "If the Postoffice Department would let me alone I would have to hire a cart to carry down my money-laden mail. All you have to do is to appeal to the cupid of the public. Promise 6 per cent dividends on a first-class security and you can't do business; but promise 50 per cent on a fake and you can get rich." Investigation proved this statement to be true. He is of the same class as the tipster fraud who advertises that he knows exactly which stocks will advance and those that are going to decline.

For \$5 a week he will tell you precisely how to make a fortune. He advertises in strange ways, using a ridiculous code. For example: "Hit Kangaroo for a jump of 20 points," etc. This interpreted means buy a certain stock for an advance of \$20 a share. Such men are swindlers. Quite as contemptible as the man with a fake gold, silver, zinc, copper or oil mining scheme. He first buys a mining prospect for say \$2,500 and then organizes a \$500,000 or \$1,000,000 company under the laws of New Jersey or West Virginia for say \$2,500 more. The shares have an alleged par value of \$1 each, but he offers them for 37c each from an elaborately furnished office where he poses as the fiscal agent. The rogue, who selects the broker as his victim is more plentiful than the brokers are willing to confess.—World's Work.

Talking-horn's Honso to Disappear.

Yet another famous house has to make way for street improvements. It is the mansion in Lincoln's-inn-fields adjoining Saville street, and was built on the designs of Inigo Jones for the Earl of Lindsey. The right-hand room on the first floor of the house was chosen by Dickens for the scene of the assassination of Mr. Talking-horn, Sir Leicester Dedlock's lawyer, in "Bleak House." Already, however, the painted ceiling, with the Roman soldier pointing his truncheon to the body of the dead collector, has disappeared under a coat of whitewash, wickedly applied a few years ago.—London Globe.

His Words Indorsed.

It was the worst domestic storm they had ever encountered.

"You don't deserve even hanging," he said as he left the house.

"I deserve it better than you do!" she sent after him as a parting shot.—Philadelphia Times.

A Monument for Virgil.

Mantua, after nearly twenty centuries, has remembered that it is the birthplace of Virgil, and set to work to erect a monument to its great poet. The sum of \$20,000 has been raised, and artists are called on to send in plans in competition.

London's Cemeteries.

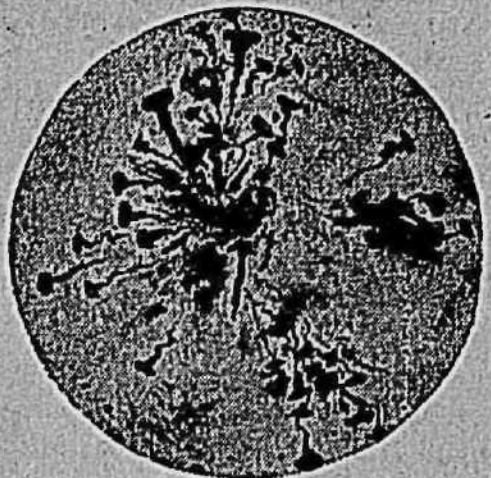
London has twenty-one municipal cemeteries, and ten which are owned by private companies.

JOIN HANDS TO FIGHT ANTHRAX.

State and Chicago Officials Trying to Prevent Spread of Disease.

Owing to the prevalence of anthrax in some parts of Illinois, State and Chicago officials are taking action with a view of preventing its further spread, and to stop the sale in Chicago of diseased meat. The disease, which made its first appearance in Palestine several weeks ago, is now thought to be under control, but the farmers are so thoroughly frightened that many are shipping milk cows and young stock to Chicago to be sold for beef.

These officials visited Palestine the other day. Commissioner William Thielmann of the State board of live stock commis-



ANTHRAX GERMS AND HOW DETECTED. The illustration shows a culture of the germs under the microscope and the method of detecting them in the blood.

sioners, Chief Meat Inspector Weber and Secretary B. R. Pritchard of the Chicago health commission. The nature of the disease prevents the spread of infection from the milk for the reason that cows infected do not give milk. The farmers are also selling off their sheep in large numbers.

It is held by the commissioner that the only means to prevent the recurrence of the disease at some future time is the careful cremation of the carcasses of the cattle and of all contaminated objects. The germ, anthrax, is one of the deadliest known to science. Fire, water, smoke—none of these has any effect on it. Sulphuric acid has no power against the germ. It thrives upon carbolic acid. There is only one sure weapon before which it quails—sunlight.

FIND GOLD NEAR ELGIN, ILL.

Workmen Strike Veins at Cary Only Eight Feet from the Surface. Gold in paying quantities has been found near Cary station, a hamlet near Elgin. Excitement runs high and claims are being made and leases sold with lightning rapidity. What was a few days ago a quiet country village is now populated with fever-stricken prospectors.

The yellow metal was found on the A. T. Weaver farm by workmen employed to excavate a ditch. It was found in six different spots at a depth of eight to ten feet, imbedded in clay and rock. Assays made by Chicago chemists show that the metal runs from \$11 to \$13 a ton. The veins will be worked as soon as mining machinery which has been ordered can be put in place.

GET A MEDAL FROM PARIS.

Illinois Schools' Exhibit Wins Honors at the Exposition.

From the committee of awards of the Paris exposition State Superintendent of Public Instruction Alfred Bayless has received a first-class medal as a reward for the Illinois' educational exhibit. A portion of this exhibit is now at the Pan-American Exposition, at the conclusion of which it will be taken to the educational museum at the University of Illinois.

Secretary Bayless said: "We have a whole year to get up an exhibit for the St. Louis exposition and expect to send one there that will do justice to the educational institutions of Illinois."

HAMLIN NAMES HIS AIDS.

Related Announcement Is Made by the Attorney General.

The last of three assistants of Attorney General Hamlin has been named. The names of the other two, though working in the office since the inauguration, have not until now been made public. They are E. S. Smith of Springfield, formerly State's Attorney of Sangamon County, and Judge B. D. Monroe of Clay County, who held the same position under Attorney General Aklin. The third assistant is George Gillespie, a young lawyer of Vienna, formerly State's Attorney of Johnson County.

The late Metropo is Elevated railways have announced that letter carriers will be carried free when on duty.

Police have recovered the body of Chas. J. Scherrer, 14 years old, who was drowned.

Rev. H. L. Atkinson of Chicago has accepted a call to the Cedar Avenue Disciple Church at Cleveland.

Chief of Police O'Neill has issued a general order directing the closing of every poker "club" in the city.

Charles Durkin, 10 years old, 1045 Grandview avenue, was bitten on the right heel by a grizzly bear at Lincoln Park.

W. J. Bignold, a druggist at Forty-third street and Indiana avenue, drove two armed robbers from his store with empty bottles as his weapon.

After visiting the graves of his wife and little child in Roschill cemetery, Henry Schuler sought a secluded spot in Rogers Park and shot himself through the brain.

Two gangs of boys, urged by rivalry for the attention of girls in the neighborhood, had a pitched battle in the vicinity of Edgemont avenue and Laflin street and John Farley was stabbed in the back.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

Events in the business world waited in large measure during the last week on reports of President McKinley's condition, and when the news of his death came it caused much gloom in the financial centers. That it will prove more than a temporary shock to business interests, however, is not generally anticipated. So grave an event, however, cannot fail to make the money centers always sensitive to changes, somewhat conservative until the situation is more settled.

Apprehension is expressed by many that the same bad effect which the similar death of Garfield had upon business may be experienced now, but the basis on which the country's trade rests is considered much sounder now.

In a survey of the present situation one great fundamental fact appears in the enormous exports of manufactured goods to foreign ports, which were lacking in Garfield's time. The McKinley prosperity has been based upon the blessing of good crops and wide foreign markets and immense and growing exports in addition to large home consumption. While stocks have been high in price they were advanced on good railroad earnings and an improvement in railroad management by the introduction of the community of interest principle. These stocks, too, are in the hands of the large Wall street financiers now, who are bound to protect them against great declines, where, in 1881, they were largely held by the speculative public. A shortage existed in the corn crop in 1881, as it does now, but while the wheat yield was short there is the greatest over known in the country this year. Too much stress cannot be laid upon the difference between monetary conditions.

It is clear that a parallel cannot be fairly drawn between the two periods. The present era of prosperity is without a precedent in the history of the country. But such a shock as that through which the country has passed causes a hesitation whose outcome is not to be feared although it cannot be foretold. Indications are that the stock market will be dull for some time and in a time of this kind new enterprises which were under negotiation or on the point of starting are liable to be held back for a more propitious day. Controlling interests in Wall street have further plans for the unification of the railroad systems of the country which may be deferred by the new problems which have arisen.

The money market has been relieved by the action of the Secretary of the Treasury in depositing more government funds in the banks and purchasing bonds, and the better feeling as to rates was assisted further by a small gain in the New York bank reserve in Saturday's statement. The expectation that gold imports would begin soon has not been realized yet. The settlement of the steel strike removes an element of uncertainty in the stock market as well as in the industrial world.

STEEL STRIKE AT AN END.

No Concessions Made by the United States Corporation.

The great steel strike which began on June 30 was brought to an end at a conference held in New York Saturday between the leaders of the Amalgamated Association and officers of the subsidiary companies of the United States Steel corporation. An agreement was signed under which the men return to work in the mills that have been idle.

The full terms of the settlement were not at the time divulged. It was learned, however, from an authoritative source that no concessions were made by the United States Steel corporation. It was also learned that the Amalgamated Association gave up its right to control in the following mills: The Crescent, Ironclad, Chester, Star, Monongahela, Denner and Monessen mills of the American Tin Plate Company, the Canal Dover, Hyde Park, Old Meadow, Salisbury, Dewees Wood and Wellsville mills of the American Steel Steel Company, the Painter, McCutcheon and Clark mills of the American Hoop Company, the Juliet and Milwaukee mills of the Federal Steel Company, and all of the mills of the American Tube Company.

President Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association was accompanied by three of the officers of the organization: Mr. E. Tighe, assistant secretary; John Pierce, trustee, and Ben L. Davis of the executive board. They went to the office of the American Tin Plate Company, President Schwalb of the steel corporation having informed Mr. Shaffer that all further negotiations would have to be conducted with the officers of companies directly concerned.

The Amalgamated Association officers were met at the tin plate offices by the following officers of that company: Daniel O. Reed, president; W. T. Graham, first vice-president; Warner Ames, second vice-president; and W. M. Leeds, third vice-president. The American Steel Steel Company was represented by its President, Mr. MacArthur, and the American Steel Hoop Company was represented by I. W. Jenks, manager of the company's mills. W. B. Corey, president of the Carnegie Steel Company, was also present during part of the conference.

Railroad Notes.

A Wabash train from Clark Junction to Detroit, 212.4 miles, in 250 minutes, making a stop to change engines and two stops for water.

Western lines have finally decided that the homesteaders and colonists' excursions business has been carried to a ridiculous point, and steps have been taken to curtail what is now admitted on all sides to be an evil.

Railroad men are interested in the experiment of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois, in equipping its road from Chicago to Monmouth, thirty-three miles, with the Miller safety signal system, which eliminates the use of semaphores and their complicated machinery. The track is insulated, with batteries below the track line, which operate a signal light in the engine cab. If the track is clear, a white light burns, and if obstructed, a red one. The elements do not affect the system.

Lake Erie has ordered 200 coal cars from the American Car and Foundry Company.

BANK OF ANTIOCH.

EDWARD BROOK,
BANKER

Buy and Sell Exchange, and do a General
Banking Business.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 55 Miles North of Chicago
TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH At Antioch
8:30 AM—No. 6, Daily ex Sunday 10:40 AM
1:30 PM—No. 1, Daily ex Sunday 3:30 PM
4:00 PM—No. 13, Daily 6:30 PM
8:30 AM—No. 2, Sunday Special, 10:40 AM
6:00 PM—Daily Except Sunday, 8:41 PM
6:10 P. M., Saturday only 8:30 P. M.

GOING SOUTH At Chicago.
6:50 AM—No. 14, Daily 10:30 AM
11:47 AM—No. 8, Daily ex Sunday 1:30 PM
4:20 PM—No. 6, Daily ex Sunday 6:20 PM
9:30 PM—No. 2, Daily 10:55 PM
6:35 PM—No. 2, Sunday Special, 9:40 PM
8:45 PM—Sunday Special, 10:45 PM
1:42 AM—Daily Except Sunday, 8:50 AM
W. F. ZIEGLER, Agent, Antioch.



LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 130 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome. J. C. JAMES, Jr., V. C., C. M. CONYER, Clerk.

SEQUOIA LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome. E. L. SIMONS, W. M. L. M. HUGHES, Sec.

ANTIOCH LOCALS.

Items of Local Importance Collected,
Contributed and Stolen.

Elmer Gullidge is clerking at Hill's pharmacy.

Miss Harriette Chinn is visiting friends in Chicago.

Mrs. F. W. Weigle returned to Monroe, Wis., Wednesday.

A. N. Tiffany and L. B. Grice visited the city Monday.

E. A. Kennedy, of Trevor, was a caller at our office Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Harms took in the Elkhorn fair Thursday.

Attorney J. K. Orvis, of Waukegan, was an Antioch visitor Wednesday.

Miss Lola Smith, of this office, spent Thursday at Grass Lake with relatives.

Mrs. J. T. Sias, of Oak Park, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. George Key.

Burtis Overton will take a course of study at the Chicago College of Pharmacy.

Mrs. G. T. Gail, who formerly occupied the Klein residence, has moved to Waukegan.

Mrs. R. D. Emmons returned home Saturday after a three week's visit with relatives in Iowa.

Marshal Gray returned Saturday from a trip in the west where he had been in the interest of his land.

Miss Mary Blair will make her home with her grandmother, Mrs. P. Overton, at this place, during the winter.

Chase Webb, of Waukegan, visited his brother, A. D. Webb, and other Antioch friends the fore part of the week.

John Horan has returned from his trip to Denver and reports having had a most pleasant visit with his daughter there.

W. T. Hill has rented the Dr. Emmons house for a term of years and will move there with his family the forepart of October.

Herman Radtke has rented the Emmons drug store for a term of years and will occupy it as a barber shop about the first of October.

Charles Barber returned from his eastern trip the forepart of the week, where he took in Cleveland, Buffalo and Syracuse. He reports a pleasant time.

Miss Addie Schafer has returned from her summer vacation and has on hand a fine stock of fall and winter millinery which she invites the ladies to call and inspect.

Earl Grice and S. M. Hungerford started for Stevens Point, Wisconsin, Tuesday and will make the trip with horse and buggy. They expect to be gone a couple of weeks.

Mrs. P. B. Campbell will give a Harvest Party at the Antioch opera house Friday evening, Sept. 27. Prof. Kuehner will furnish music. Tickets 50 cents. Everybody invited.

W. T. Hill has the Emmons stock of drugs moved to his own store and has also the prescription files where all prescriptions heretofore compounded by Mr. Emmons may be duplicated.

J. N. Cohn transacted business in Chicago Saturday.

Winter Wheat. Choice Seed for sale. H. D. Hughes. 51tf

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Drom, September 14th, a daughter.

Harvey Watson is attending school at Gurnee under Prof. Gaggin.

For Sale—Some very choice Shropshire bucks. Mrs. J. L. Harden.

For Sale—A full-blood Shropshire buck. Gleason Bros., Rosecrans, Ill.

Miss Lillie Watson has been engaged to teach the school at Channel Lake.

E. C. Sabin and Chase Webb visited Union Grove Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. N. A. Harrison, of Crystal Lake, is visiting relatives and friends in our village.

Miss Bertha Feutz, of Grass Lake, was a pleasant caller at The News office on Monday.

Mrs. Fred E. Smith is visiting at the home of her father-in-law, Eugene E. Smith, at this place.

For Sale—5 heifers, soon fresh; 2 Durham bulls. Inquire C. E. Allen. P. O. Pleasant Prairie, Wis. 3w2

Wanted—Man and wife to cook and manage kitchen, about 80 boarders. Address F. E. Fenderson, Grayslake, Illinois.

For Sale: An improved farm of 120 acres. Good buildings. For particulars address: Andrew Strahan, Hickory, Ill. 45w7*

Hon. Vere V. Hunt, L. L. D., of Chicago, was an Antioch visitor Wednesday and made The News office a short call.

For Sale—A good four-year-old King gelding, broke to drive, double or single; stylish and gentle. D. Sugar, Lake Villa, Ill. 51tf

Wanted: Good farms in Kenosha Co., Wis., and Lake Co., Ill., to sell or exchange. H. E. Robbins, 50tf Ravenswood, Ill.

All persons who have not paid their cemetery assessment are kindly asked to do so at once, and save the ladies the trouble of calling on them.

Mrs. D. Farris, Sec'y.

The Antioch Hillside Cemetery Society will meet with Mrs. D. A. Williams Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 25. All members are requested to be present to make arrangements for a bazar. Visitors always welcome.

The old M. E. church, located in the village of Antioch, Ill., will be sold at public auction, on the ground, Sept. 28, at 2 o'clock p. m. Terms and conditions stated at time of sale. By order Trustees of the M. E. church.

George Huber has recently painted a sign for Huber Brothers, which adorns the northwest end of the shop that is a "beaut." The vine of flowers circling the letters illustrates the artistic skill and ability George possesses for that class of work.

We were sorry to learn of the death of M. H. Dewar at Evanston, last week. Mr. Dewar spent some time with Mr. and Mrs. Scherl of our village during the summer and made many friends while here who will sympathize with the bereaved ones in this their loss.

The city fathers have made extensive improvements on Main street during the past week by the erection of six-foot plank sidewalks which have been moved back of the old walks adding considerably to the width of the street. Considerable grading and filling in along the street has been done and cement wheel guards laid across the culvert. The work is certainly a great improvement and the "city dads" are to be congratulated upon this evidence of enterprise. Let the good work go on, and, by the way, let each one lend a helping hand and thus make Antioch what it is and should be, one of the most attractive villages in the State.

The Kenosha College of Commerce

---offers a

Business Course,
Shorthand Course,
and an English
or Teacher's Course

Ninth Year.
New Building.
Elegant Equipment

Scores of students are now filling good places. Students may enroll at any time.

OTIS E. TRENNARY, Prin.

New Goods Constantly Arriving!

All the novelties in Dress Goods.
We are showing a large and beautiful line of DRESS SILKS

Closing out Summer Goods.
Big Remnant Sale.

New Styles in Men's Shirt Waists.
The Latest Thing Out

Ginghams in the new Watermelon Stripe New Tapestry Drapery goods.
Lease Curtains in new patterns, \$1.25 pair
Muslins in Dots and Stripes for sash curtains.
Agency for Butterick's Patterns.

MISS HATTIE AMES will continue the agency of Chas. A. Stevens & Bros. Made-to-order Goods showing a splendid line of Summer Wraps, Jackets, Coats and Dresses in sample patterns.

ALWAYS
BEST.

Agency for the
American Steel and Wire Fencing
Union Wire Fencing.

Quick Meal Gasoline and
Blue Flame Oil Stove.

We have some great bargains in Cook Stoves—actually less than wholesale cost.

The late advance of 20 per cent on stamped Ware found us with stock. We shall continue to sell at old prices.

Garden, Field and Farm Tools.

Chicago White Lead and Oil Co.'s Prepared paint.

Devoe's Prepared Carriage and Floor Paint

Murelo is the perfect dressing for your wall. It won't crack or scale off.

Paints, Oils, Glass and Putty.

Iron and Lead Pipe and Fittings.

We make the closest prices on building jobs.

Josh Westhafer, of Logansport, Ind., is a poor man, but he says he would not be without Chamberlain's Pain Balm if cost five dollars a bottle, for it saved him from being a cripple. No external application is equal to this liniment for stiff and swollen joints, contracted muscles, stiff neck, sprains and rheumatic and muscular pains. It has also cured numerous cases of partial paralysis. It is for sale by W. T. Hill, Antioch, and the Grayslake Pharmacy.

"In dealing with man, remember that a spoonful of oil will go farther than a gallon of vinegar." The same may be said of children. There is nothing so good for children as old-fashioned castor oil. However much they may abhor it, it is the best medicine for disorders of the bowels. In the more severe cases of diarrhoea and dysentery, however, Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy should be given after the oil operates, and a quick cure is sure to follow. For sale by W. T. Hill and Grayslake Pharmacy.

Ye-editor and his better seventeights returned Saturday from a week's visit to the Pan-American at Buffalo and report the trip a most enjoyable one. The exposition, while not on as large a scale as the World's Fair in Chicago, was certainly worth seeing, being electrical display and fireworks being simply grand. A visit was made to Niagara Falls and other places of interest in Canada. Mr. and Mrs. Abe Crowley and Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bloss were of the party but did not return home but will remain in York State for a visit of several weeks with relatives.

Buffalo Pan-American
15-day tickets for \$18.00 via Nickel Plate Road. 20-day tickets \$16.00. Lowest rates to all eastern points. John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams street, Chicago. City ticket office 111 Adams St., Chicago. 1w4

A Shocking Calamity
"Lately befell a railroad laborer," writes Dr. A. Kellef, of Williford, Ark. "His foot was badly crushed, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly cured him. It's simply wonderful for Burns, Bells, Piles and all skin eruptions. It's the world's champion healer. Cure guaranteed. 25c. Sold by Wm. T. Hill.

London Is Improving.
Year by year London becomes not only more and more a city of flowers, but also a city of doves. Around every building where it is possible to keep pigeons one sees constantly increasing flocks of these pretty creatures, and there could not be a more ornamental and delightful addition to our town population. In the sunlit spaces where they alight and feed the soft, rustle of their wings and the peaceful sound of their cooing make the most restful contrast to the harsh noises of the streets.

WILLIAMS BROTHERS

We are continuing the Great Reduction sale of Shoes and Rubbers

Most of these goods are from the celebrated factory of Selz, Schwab & Co., the largest shoe manufacturers in the world. Many have profited by purchasing at the reduction sale. We have just opened new spring styles of Ladies' Fine Shoes which are among the most beautiful specimens of foot wear ever displayed here. Now is the time to buy if you want the latest up-to-date productions at medium prices, while goods in little older style are selling below cost

The famous **Black Cat Brand** of **Hosiery** in both wool and cotton goods, covering all ranges of sizes from infants to the full size.

Stockings Leather Brand of Stockings for Boys, especially recommended to wear like leather.

Many Bargains in Groceries

A SHORT STOP at our Grocery Counter will convince you it does not cost much to Live Well and get the best groceries in the land. We handle groceries on the principle that something good is worth having, while, if you have got to eat it, poor goods are dear at any price, and although bought cheap in price yet your money is in reality thrown away—actually wasted.

California Evaporated Apples.....10c
California Evaporated Peaches.....10c
are great bargains and are very palatable. We think this part of the world would be benefited by a larger consumption of Rice. Rice is the staple food of half the world. We sell it at 5 and 10 cents.

Our line of Canned Goods covers almost the entire range of Fruits, Vegetables, Fish and Meats. Many are under the Monarch Brand.

A full line of Garden Seeds by D. M. Ferry & Co., either by bulk or package.
Onion Sets, ready sprouted, only 5c quart
A most complete line of Bremner's Cakes and Cookies.

A complete line of fine Candies.
FRESH BREAD EVERY DAY.

WILLIAMS BROS. "BEST" MINNESOTA FLOUR

ALWAYS
CHEAPEST

Clothing Bargains a Big Point

New stock of up-to-date

Gent's Shirts,
Underwear, Sweaters,
Gent's Furnishings.
Spring stock Hats and Caps

The Best Equipped Tin Shop
in Lake County.

A Great Bargain!
A 7-piece set Decorated
Chamber Crochery only.....\$2.00

A large stock of Window Shades and Curtains and are making the most popular low prices.

Fishing Tackle,

Oars and Oar Locks.

Hunting Coats and Caps.

Bicycle repairs, Pumps and Sundries.

Buy crushed Oyster Shells, at \$1.00 per 100 pounds. Makes hens lay.

Use Lee's Lice Killer. Kills mites.

Headquarters for Poultry Supplies.

Highest prices paid for Butter and Eggs
We have a big outlet for eggs at the highest prices.

EXTREME CRUELTY.

The Grounds Upon Which a Divorce Was Granted to Mrs. Grace Snell Walker.

At Waukegan, Monday, before Judge Dick, Mrs. Grace Snell Walker was granted an absolute decree of divorce from J. C. Walker, Manager of the Fountain House, on the grounds of extreme brutal treatment. Mrs. Walker was not called upon to testify, the evidence of her physician and a few friends being all that was required to establish the facts. The Judge granted her permission to re-assume her former name of Grace S. Coffin.

Election Notice

The Stockholders of the Waukegan and Washington Mining and Smelting Company are hereby notified that the Annual Meeting will be held at the Company's Office, at Bossburg, Stevens County, Washington, on the 8th day of October, 1901, for the purpose of electing a board of seven Directors, as follows: Alfred E. Stripe, Charles A. Raught, James Moffet, Isai Petre, Arthur E. Stripe, Richard Kennedy, of Lake Forest, Ill., and Wm. G. Waller, of St. Paul, Minn.; and for the transacting of other business as may be lawfully brought before said meeting.

CHAS. A. RAUGHT, Pres.
R. H. STRIPE, Sec. and Treas.
Waukegan, Illinois, August 20th, 1901.

\$13 to the Buffalo Pan-American and Return—\$13.00

via the Nickel Plate Road, daily, with limit of 15 days; 20 day tickets at \$16.00 and 30 day tickets at \$21.00 for the round trip. Through service to New York and Boston and lowest available rates. For particulars, and Pan-American folders of buildings and grounds, write John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago. 1w4

Northern Wisconsin Railroad Lands

are increasing in value from year to year. Railroads are the great civilization, for they give the settler as well as the manufacturer equal opportunity to work in undeveloped fields, thereby rapidly settling the country and bringing forth its undiscovered riches. Northern Wisconsin is rich in iron ore, clay, kaolin, marl, timber and fine farm lands. It has made many a settler independent and added to the wealth of manufacturers who have sought this territory. Opportunities have not passed, as there is still a generous supply of land which can be obtained at low figures and on easy terms.

Extension of Limit

on Buffalo Pan-American tickets via Nickel Plate Road. \$13.00 for the round trip, tickets good 15 days; \$16.00 for round trip tickets good 20 days. Three daily trains with vestibule sleeping cars and first class dining car service on American Club plan. Meals ranging in price from 35 cents to \$1.00. Address John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams street, Chicago.

Geo. W. Lane, Pawama, Mich., writes "Your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the best remedy for indigestion and stomach trouble that I ever used. For years I suffered from dyspepsia, at times compelling me to stay in bed and causing untold agony. I am completely cured by Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. In recommending it to friends who suffer from indigestion I always offer to pay for it if it fails. Thus far I have never paid." W. T. Hill.

The Latest "House of Hits" Publications.

Everyone has heard of or seen the delightful play, with its scenes of rural life, entitled "Lovers Lane". It is on the beautiful story of this play that Max S. Witt and Robt. F. Roden's latest ballad, "It's A Long Lane That Has No Turning," is founded.

Otto Lange, the Composer of the celebrated "Mandolina" Mexican serenade, has just written a beautiful new serenade called "Verona." Every music lover should have it.

All those music lovers to whom the beautiful ballad "In The House of Too Much Trouble" appealed strongly, will be delighted with "A Little Empty Nest," the latest by the same authors.

"Don't Butt In" is the odd title of a new coon song, which is a big hit with Lew Dockalader, the famous minstrel, this season. It is by Johnson, Cole & Johnson, the writers of May Irwin's hits last season.

The new book, "The Puppet Crown," is the latest craze this year, and Mary Dowling Sutton's waltz of the same title will be one of the big hits.

George Primrose, the popular minstrel, is singing a new coon song, "When The Jack O'Lantern Starts To Walk About" in his show. It is a splendid success for him.

The above publications are issued this month by Jos. W. Stern & Co., the "House of Hits," who are also agents for the celebrated Hawkes Sonorous Band Instruments and the Bears "Majestic" Stringed Instruments. They will be pleased to send their illustrated catalogue free, upon application to their main offices, 34 E. 21st Street, New York.

Millions Spent for Famine Sufferers.

The India balance sheet recently made up by the British government shows that the amount spent last year in the relief of sufferers by the famine was \$91,950,000. It was expended chiefly in the relief camps and in the hospitals, and the money was largely subscribed in the United States.

Norris Silver, North Stratford, N. H.: "I purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure when suffering with a cough doctors told me was incurable. One bottle relieved me, the second and third almost cured. Today I am a well man. W. T. Hill.

For Sale

A FARM

Containing 80 acres. Good buildings, plenty of water; good improvements in general. Four miles southeast of Antioch. Inquire at The News Office. 2w4

Farm for Rent

140 ACRES, NEAR FOX Lake. Will rent for a term of years or 100 acres, if desired; also 35 acres in corporation; land in good state of cultivation. Lots of fruit, good buildings, plenty of water and wind mill. Inquire Edwin Wilton, Antioch

GASTRITIS.

Caused by Some Irritant Acting Upon the Mucus Membrane of the Stomach.

Inflammation of the stomach, gastric catarrh or gastritis, as this unpleasant affliction is variously called, may, like most of inflammatory diseases, be acute or chronic in its course. The symptoms of gastritis are more or less fever, weak pulse, loss of appetite, coated tongue, foul breath, bad taste in the mouth, the head aches duly. There is a sensation of weight or distress in the stomach. Gastritis is caused by some irritant acting on the mucus membrane of the stomach, the irritant is often formed in the stomach by the fermentation of indigestible food. Gastritis will never develop if you take regularly Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, the guaranteed cure for indigestion, constipation and all diseases arising from stomach troubles. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is an all the year round medicine. Good for the whole family from the smallest infant up. It is the best life insurance. Sold by W. T. Hill. 50c and \$1.00 bottles.

The Wisconsin Central Railway

was one of the first roads to penetrate the vast Northern Wisconsin wilderness which stretches across the state from east to west. It also, has developed from year to year and today offers the best of transportation facilities, enabling all to ship the products of that section to any market in the world. Illustrated pamphlets can be obtained by addressing W. H. Killen, Land and Industrial Commissioner, Burton Johnson, General Freight Agent or James O. Pond, General Passenger Agent, Colby & Abbot Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis.

Hot Weather

causes sick headache, stomach and bowel troubles. Take Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, the best regulator; a perfect laxative. Sold by W. T. Hill.

New Sealing Wax.

A form of sealing wax has appeared which differs from the ordinary stick wax by being inclosed in a glass tube, from which it flows when the tube is heated.

Don't wait until you become chronically constipated but take DeWitt's Little Early Risers now and then. They will keep your liver and bowels in good order. Easy to take. Safe pills. W. T. Hill.

Soft Harness
You can make your harness as soft as a glove and as tough as wire by using EUREKA HARNESS OIL. You can keep it in the best condition just twice as long as it ordinarily would.
EUREKA HARNESS OIL
makes a poor looking harness like new. Made of pure, heavy bodied oil, especially prepared to withstand the weather.
Sold everywhere in case-all sizes.
Made by STANDARD OIL CO.